# **Freescale Semiconductor**

# Writing my first KSDK Application in KDS Hello World and Toggle LED with GPIO Interrupt

**By: Technical Information Center** 

This document explains briefly how to create a Hello World project and toggle a LED using GPIO Interrupts. KSDK1.2 and KDS3.0 are used in this example.



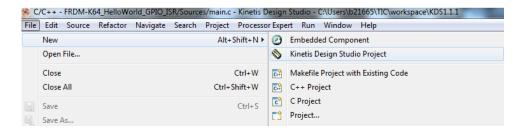
# 1 Requirements – <u>DO NOT Skip</u>

- 1.1 Install KDS (Kinetis Design Studio), you can download from <a href="www.freescale.com/kds">www.freescale.com/kds</a>
- 1.2 Install KSDK (Kinetis Software Development Kit), you can download from <a href="https://www.freescale.com/ksdk">www.freescale.com/ksdk</a>
- 1.3 Install 'KSDK\_1.2.0\_Eclipse\_Update'. You can find the update file in 'C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\tools\eclipse\_update'. The instructions to install the file are described in 'C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\doc\Getting Started with Kinetis SDK (KSDK) v.1.2.pdf'
- 1.4 It is necessary to build KSDK Platform Driver Library (libksdk\_platform.a)

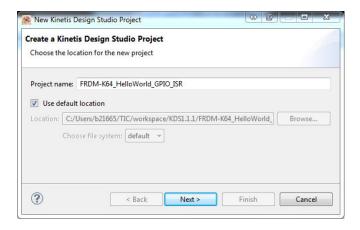
Open 'Getting Started with Kinetis SDK (KSDK) v.1.2.pdf' located in 'C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\doc' and go to chapter '5.3 Build the platform library'.

# 2 Create KDS project using KSDK

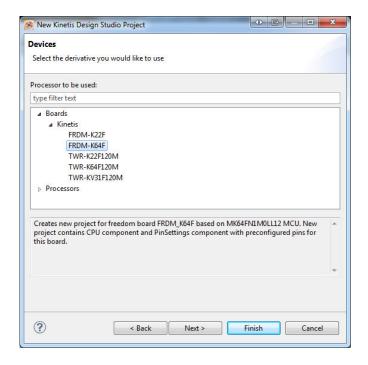
2.1 Go to menu File > New > Kinetis Design Studio Project.



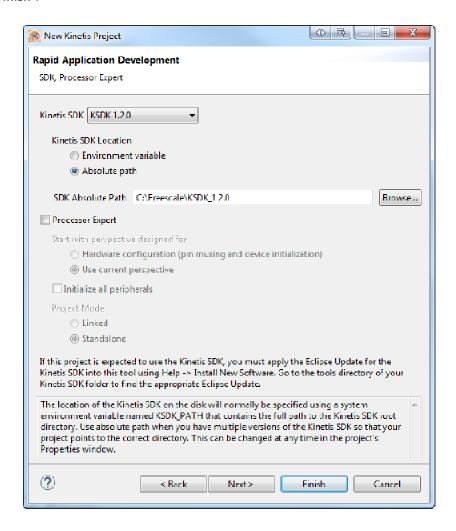
2.2 Write a name for your project and click 'Next'.



2.3 Select your target

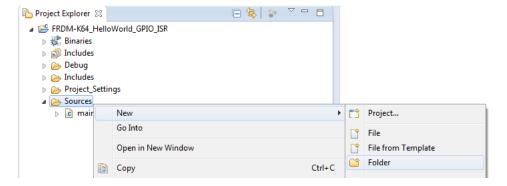


2.4 Select **'KSDK 1.2.0'** to include KSDK support and be sure that the SDK Absolute Path is correct. Then click **'Finish'**.

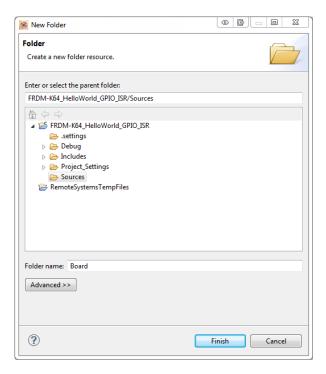


# 3 Develop the application

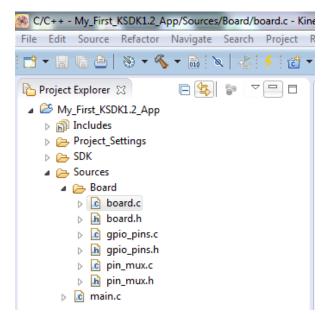
3.1 Right click over 'Sources' folder and select New > Folder to create a new folder inside 'Sources' folder.



3.2 Name this folder 'Board' and click 'Finish'.



- 3.3 Go to *C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\examples\<board>* and copy all the source files in this folder to the folder 'Board' that was created in the project.
- board.c
- board.h
- gpio\_pins.c
- gpio\_pins.h
- pin\_mux.c
- pin\_mux.h

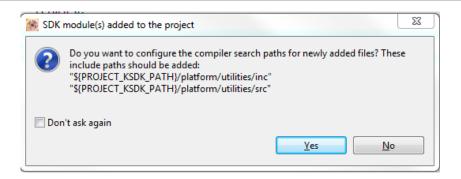


- board.c/h: The header file contains board-specific configuration macros for things such as debug terminal configuration, push buttons, LEDs and other board-specific items. The C file contains clock and oscillator initialization functions
- gpio\_pins.c/h: Definitions used by the KSDK GPIO driver for the platform's GPIO pins. These include
  push buttons and LEDs, but can include other items such as interrupt pins for external sensors, for
  example.
- **pin\_mux.c/h**: Contains peripheral-specific pin mux configurations. These functions can be called by the hardware init() function or individually by the demo application.

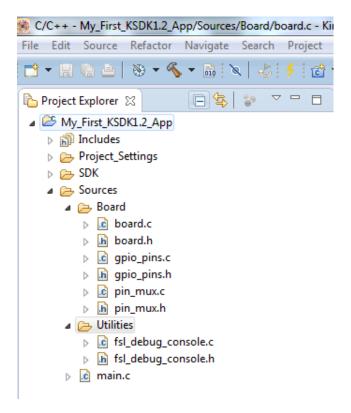
**NOTE:** For more information please refer to 'Getting Started with Kinetis SDK (KSDK) v.1.2.pdf' document which is included in KSDK1.2.0 installation path C:\Freescale\KSDK 1.2.0\doc.

- 3.4 Create another folder inside 'Sources' folder and name it 'Utilities', then go to C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\platform\utilities\inc and copy 'fsl\_debug\_console.h' to folder 'Utilities', then go to C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.1.0\platform\utilities\src and copy 'fsl\_debug\_console.c' too.
- **fsl\_debug\_console.c/h**: Provides initialization and basic functionality for the UART module that is connected to the debug interface.

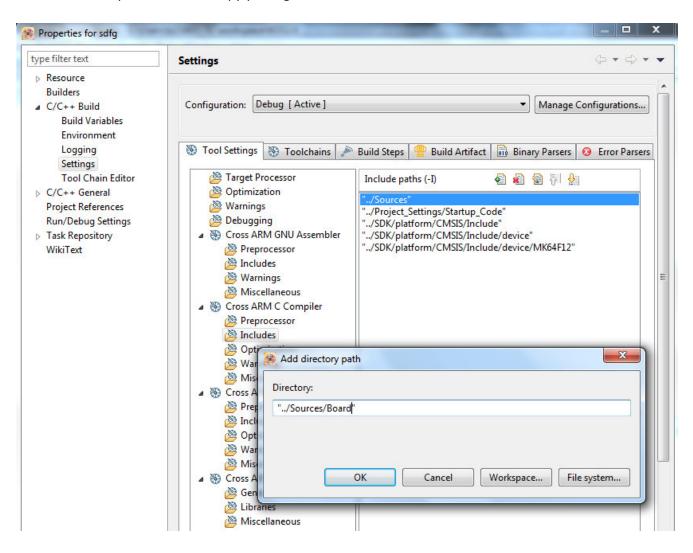
**NOTE:** After copying 'fsl\_debug\_console.c' to utilities folder the prompt below may appear, in this case click 'Yes' and continue.



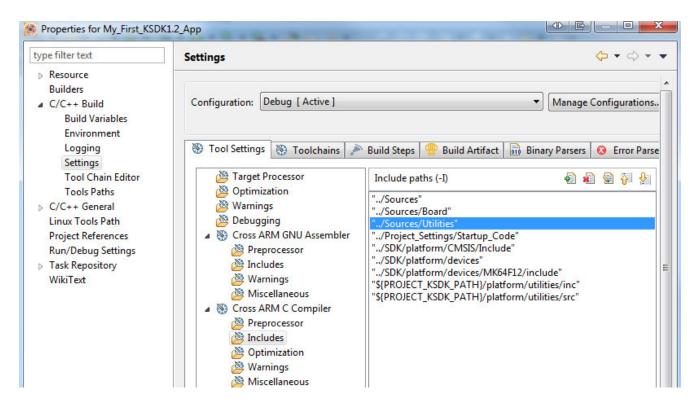
Now your project's source folders tree must look as shown below.



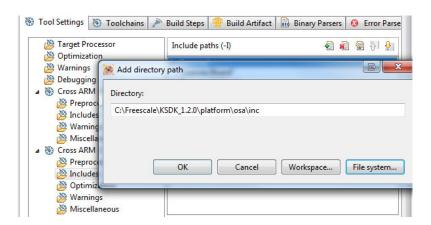
3.5 Go to menu Project > Properties C/C++ Build > Settings > Cross ARM C Compiler > Includes and add to 'Include paths (-I)' the path "../Sources/Board". DO NOT COPY-PASTE this line because quotes cause problems when copy-pasting.



3.6 Repeat the same process in step 3.5 for the folder 'Utilities', then click 'Apply' and 'Ok'. The compiler Includes settings must look as shown below.



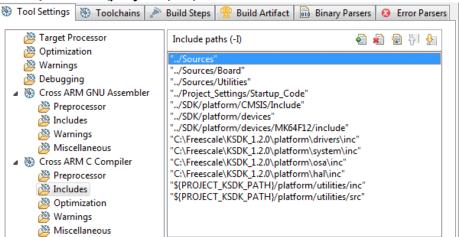
3.7 Go to menu Project > Properties C/C++ Build > Settings > Cross ARM C Compiler > Includes and add to 'Include paths (-I)' the path C:\Freescale\KSDK1.2.0\platform\osa\inc.



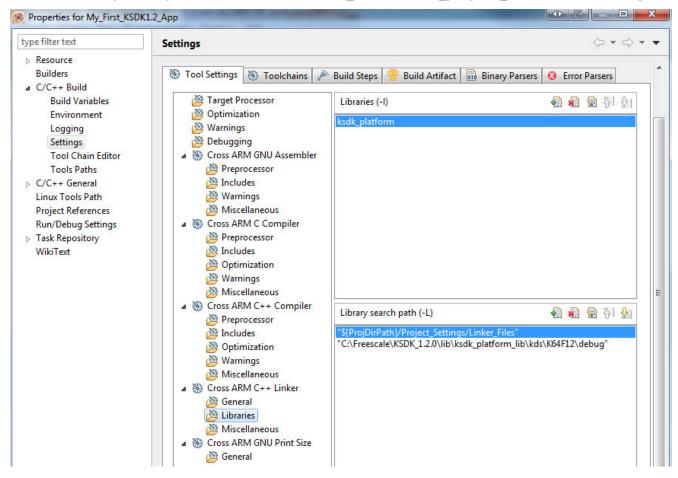
3.8 Repeat the same process in step 3.11 for 3 more paths,

C:\Freescale\KSDK1.2.0\platform\drivers\inc, C:\Freescale\KSDK1.2.0\system\inc and

C:\Freescale\KSDK1.2.0\platform\hal\inc.

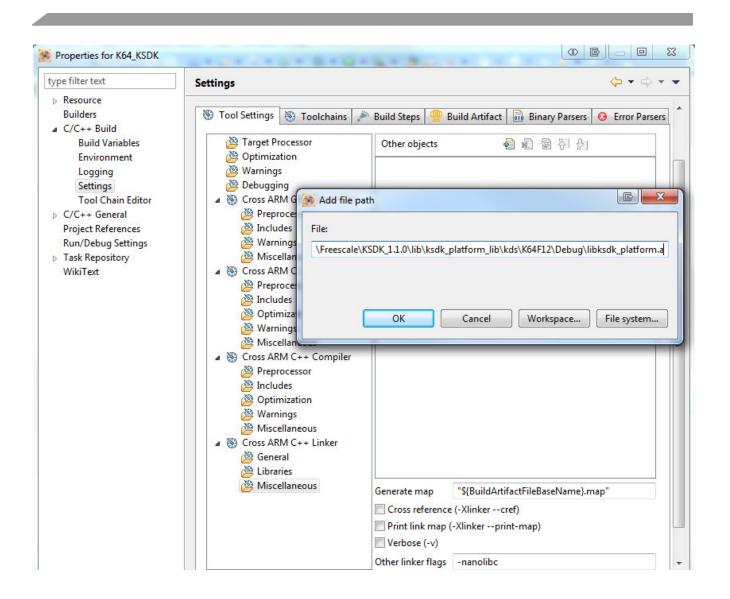


3.9 Go to menu Project > Properties C/C++ Build > Settings > Cross ARM C++ Linker > Libraries and click the '+' to add in 'Libraries (-I)' 'ksdk\_platform' (without "lib" and without ".a"). Then in 'Library search path' add "C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\lib\ksdk\_platform\_lib\kds\K64F12\debug"



**NOTE:** At this point '*libksdk\_platform*'must be built, please refer to step **1.4 - It is necessary to build KSDK Platform Driver Library (libksdk\_platform.a)'** on this document.

Alternately you can go to *menu Project > Properties C/C++ Build > Settings > Cross ARM C++ Linker > Miscellaneous* and click the '+' and then 'File System' button to add in 'Other objects' 'libksdk\_platform.a' located in the next path: C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\lib\ksdk\_platform\_lib\kds\K64F12\debug\libksdk\_platform.a.



**NOTE:** If the file does not exist you need to build KSDK platform library. Please refer to step **1.5 - It is necessary to build KSDK Platform Driver Library (libksdk\_platform.a)** on this document.

3.10 Erase the content of 'main.c' and replace it with the code below.

```
#include "fsl_device_registers.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "pin mux.h"
#include "fsl_clock_manager.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#define GPIO INTERRUPT
                        1 //Set value to 1 for interrupt, 0 for polling
int main(void)
       /* enable clock for PORTs */
       CLOCK_SYS_EnablePortClock(PORTA IDX);
       CLOCK_SYS_EnablePortClock(PORTB IDX);
       CLOCK_SYS_EnablePortClock(PORTC IDX);
       CLOCK_SYS_EnablePortClock(PORTE IDX);
       /* Init board clock */
       BOARD ClockInit();
       dbg_uart_init();
       printf("\nHello World! \r\n");
       printf("\nPress SW2 to Toggle LED. \r\n");
#if GPIO INTERRUPT
       // Configure pin (sw1) interrupt if GPIO_INTERRUPT is set
       switchPins[0].config.interrupt = kPortIntFallingEdge;
#endif
       // Initializes GPIO driver
       GPIO DRV Init(switchPins, ledPins);
       while(1)
#if !GPIO INTERRUPT
              // Poll (sw2) if GPIO INTERRUPT is not set
              if(GPIO DRV ReadPinInput(kGpioSW2) == 0)
                      GPIO_SW_DELAY;
                      GPIO_DRV_TogglePinOutput(BOARD_GPIO_LED_BLUE);
              }
#endif
       return 0;
#if GPIO INTERRUPT
// Define PORTC_IRQHandler (sw2) if GPIO_INTERRUPT is set
void PORTC_IRQHandler()
       GPIO_DRV_ClearPinIntFlag (kGpioSW2); // Clear IRQ flag
       GPIO_DRV_TogglePinOutput(BOARD_GPIO_LED_BLUE); // Toggle blue LED
       GPIO_SW_DELAY;
#endif
/*EOF*/
```

- **dbg\_uart\_init():** Is defined in 'hardware\_init.c' and it sets up the UART port which is connected to the debug interface as well as the pins required by the UART.
- switchPins[0].config.interrupt = kPortIntFallingEdge: In 'gpio\_pins.c' several structures for GPIO configuration are defined and initialized, these structures provide fields to configure a friendly name for the GPIO, pullup, pulldown, interrupt, slewrate, open drain among other functionalities. The types of these structures are 'gpio\_input\_pin\_user\_config\_t' and 'gpio\_output\_pin\_user\_config\_t' and it is necessary to define a structure for each GPIO pin that is going to be configured. In the case of the LEDs and push buttons there are 2 arrays of structures are defined; switchPins and ledPins. This instruction reconfigures the interrupt field of kGpioSW2 to enable falling edge interrupt if GPIO\_INTERRUPT macro is set. You can find more details about the GPIO structures and types in 'Kinetis SDK v.1.2.0 API Reference Manual' which is located in KSDK installation path C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.2.0\doc
- **GPIO\_DRV\_Init():** This function is part of the GPIO driver, it receives the 2 GPIO arrays of structures to initialize the GPIO driver with these parameters. For more information please see **'Kinetis SDK v.1.1 API Reference Manual'** which is located in KSDK installation path *C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.1.0\doc\Kinetis SDK v.1.1 API Reference Manual.*
- PORTC\_IRQHandler(): In 'gpio\_pins.h' an enum is declared to associate the GPIO friendly name with a pin, here kGpioSW2 is associated to PTC6. As you can see in 'FRDM-K64F Freedom Module User's Guide' SW2 in FRDM-K64F board is connected to PTC6.

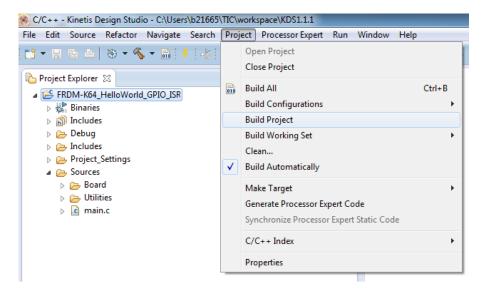
**NOTE:** If you are using a different board the pin number may be different.

You can find the user's guides of the freedom and tower boards as well as the schematics in <a href="https://www.freescale.com/freedom">www.freescale.com/freedom</a> and <a href="https://www.freescale.com/tower">www.freescale.com/freedom</a> and <a href="https://www.freescale.com/tower">www.freescale.com/tower</a>.

- **GPIO\_DRV\_ClearPinIntFlag(), GPIO\_DRV\_TogglePinOutput():** These are also functions of the GPIO driver which clear the interrupt flag and toggle the GPIO value.
- 3.11 Add the following code into **'board.h'** to generate a delay for the push button debounce. **DO NOT ERASE** anything in this file.

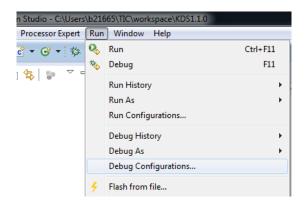
```
#define GPIO_SW_DELAY \
    do \
    { \
        int32_t i; \
        for (i = 0; i < 0x1FFFFF; i++) \
        { \
            __asm("nop"); \
        } \
        } while (0)</pre>
```

3.12 Build your application, go to *menu Project > Build Project*. Alternately click the hammer button.

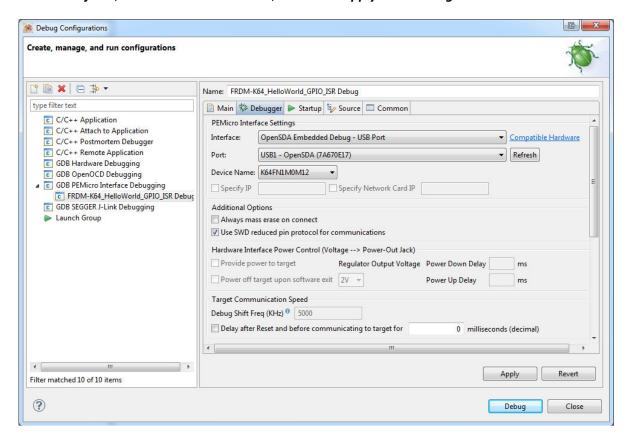


#### 4 Debug the application

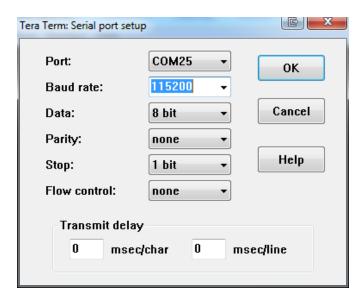
4.1 Go to menu *Run > Debug Configurations...* 



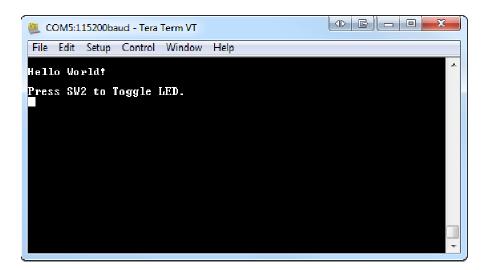
4.2 Select the 'Debug Configuration' that matches your connection type, in this example P&E Micro connection is used, if you don't know which your connection type is or you want to change your connection type see 'Appendix C' at the end this document. Once you double click the appropriate 'Debug Configuration', the connection settings will appear. In 'Debugger' tab select the right 'Interface', 'Port' and 'Device Name', then click 'Apply' and 'Debug'.



4.3 Open a terminal, select the appropriate port and set baudrate to 115200.



4.4 Run the application, you will see "Hello World" in terminal and blue LED will toggle when pressing SW2.



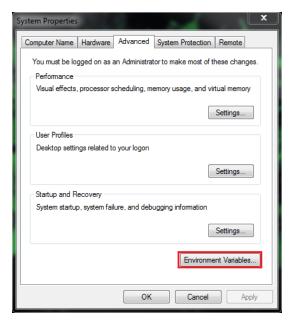
#### **APPENDIX A: Install KDS Software Updates**

See chapter **5.2 Install Eclipse update** of 'Getting Started with Kinetis SDK (KSDK)' document located in KSDK installation path.

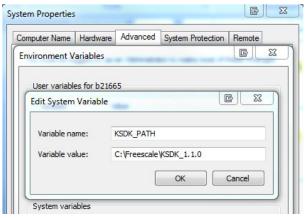
C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.1.0\doc\Getting Started with Kinetis SDK (KSDK).pdf

## APPENDIX B: Verify KSDK\_PATH

Go to 'Control Panel > System and Security > System > Advanced system settings' and 'Environment Variables...'.



1.1 If the variable does not exists click 'New' button under 'System variables' to create 'KSDK\_PATH' variable. The path must be where KSDK is installed. The default path is 'C:\Freescale\KSDK\_1.1.0'. If the variable exists but it does not point to your KSDK installation folder click 'Edit' button to correct it.





#### **APPENDIX C: Connection Types**

- KDS works with devices which support OpenSDAv2 connection.
- You can find Open SDA User's Guide here:
   <a href="http://www.freescale.com/files/32bit/doc/user\_guide/OPENSDAUG.pdf">http://www.freescale.com/files/32bit/doc/user\_guide/OPENSDAUG.pdf</a>
- You can learn more about Open SDA in the following link: https://community.freescale.com/docs/DOC-100720

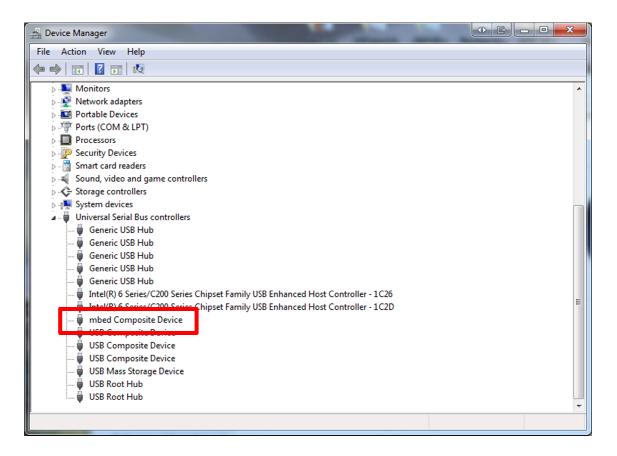
#### **Identify your Connection Type**

To find out which your connection type is you must connect your device to your computer and go to Windows Device Manager, here you can see the connection used by your device. You can see how to open Windows device manager in the link below:

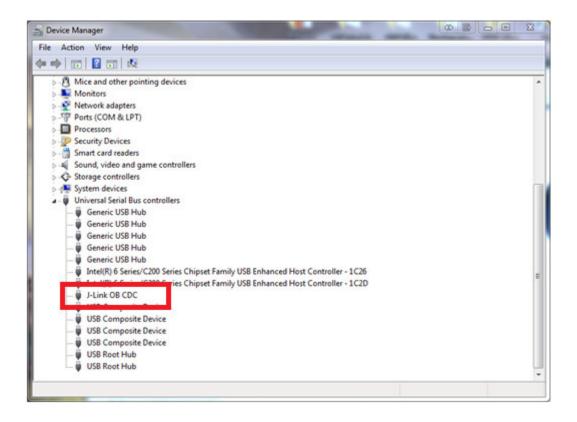
http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/open-device-manager#1TC=windows-7

#### **MBED Connection**

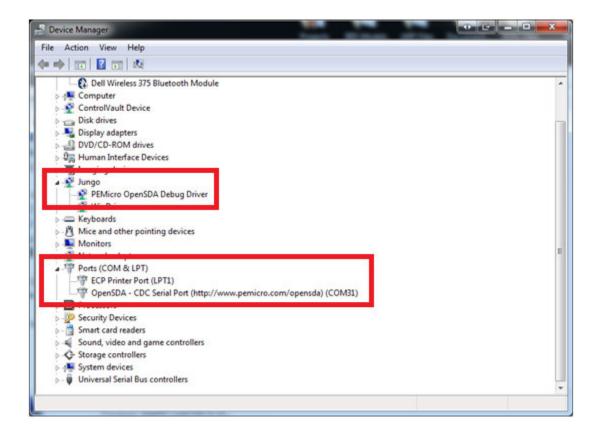
Please note that this connection is not supported in KDS yet.



## Segger J-link connection



#### **P&E Micro Connection**



## Switching or updating your connection firmware

You can download different versions of OpenSDA form our partners' web sites.

#### **MBED**

- 1) Go to <a href="http://mbed.org/platforms/">http://mbed.org/platforms/</a>
- 2) Select your platform
- 3) Click on the 'Step by step firmware update instructions' link

# **Firmware**



#### ▲ FirmwareUpdate

A new interface firmware image is necessary to mbed-enable Freescale FRDM boards

- . Step by step firmware upgrade instructions
- 4) Save the latest firmware and follow the instructions to do the update

The latest mbed interface upgrade file for the FRDM-K22F is :

• 20140717\_k20dx128\_k22f.bin

## **P&E Micro**

- 1) Go to <a href="http://www.pemicro.com/opensda/">http://www.pemicro.com/opensda/</a>
- 2) Download 'Open SDA Firmware' and optionally 'Windows USB Drivers'

# OpenSDA Firmware (MSD & Debug)

Firmware Apps (.zip file).

Latest MSD & Debug applications. Updated August 26th, 2014.

# Windows USB Drivers

Download PEDrivers\_install.exe for manual install.

Version 11.1, updated November 2, 2012.

3) Extract the content on the .zip file and follow steps in 'Updating the OpenSDA Firmware.pdf'

#### Segger

- 1) Go to <a href="http://www.segger.com/opensda.html">http://www.segger.com/opensda.html</a>
- 2) Download the required firmware

# Getting started with OpenSDA V2

Later Freescale boards like the FRDM-K64F come with a new version of OpenSDA, called OpenSDA V2. This version comes with a different bootloader and needs a different firmware (\*.sda file format is no longer supported).

The firmware can be downloaded here: Firmware download

The steps for the firmware update etc. are equal to the old OpenSDA version and are explained above.

#### Getting started with OpenSDA V2.1

Later Freescale boards come with a new version of OpenSDA, called OpenSDA V2.1. This version comes with a different bootloader and needs a different firmware (\*.sda file format is no longer supported).

The firmware can be downloaded here: Firmware download

The steps for the firmware update etc. are equal to the old OpenSDA version and are explained above.

3) Unzip the content of the .zip file and use the binary file to update the firware. Steps to update the firware are shown in Open SDA User's Guide mentioned at the beginning of this appendix.

#### Other useful links

#### **CMSIS DAP**

https://mbed.org/handbook/CMSIS-DAP

#### Binary Files for the mbed Bootloader with Eclipse and GNU ARM Eclipse Plugins

http://mcuoneclipse.com/2014/04/20/binary-files-for-the-mbed-bootloader-with-eclipse-and-gnu-arm-eclipse-plugins/

#### **Segger J-Link Firmware for OpenSDAv2**

http://mcuoneclipse.com/2014/04/27/segger-j-link-firmware-for-opensdav2/

#### FRDM-K22F: Debugging with Segger J-Link OpenSDAv2.1 Firmware

https://community.freescale.com/docs/DOC-101790

## FRDM-K22F: Debugging with P&E OpenSDAv2.1 Firmware

https://community.freescale.com/docs/DOC-101792

## OpenSDA Update Instructions for Freescale Freedom Development Boards for Windows 8.1 and Linux

http://www.element14.com/community/docs/DOC-65460/I/opensda-update-instructions-for-freescale-freedom-development-boards-for-windows-81-and-linux

#### **P&E Eclipse Update Site for GNU ARM Eclipse Plugins**

http://mcuoneclipse.com/2014/09/11/pe-eclipse-update-site-for-gnu-arm-eclipse-plugins/