

## **SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL**

DESCRIPTION:	7.0" LCD Module	
CUSTOMER:		
Product No: 070	)WIE2735-A4 V.1	
Released Date:	2017.06.27	
Revision:		

# PLEASE RETURN TO US ONE COPY OF SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL WITH YOUR APPROVED SIGNATURES.

APPROVED SIGNATURES						

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## Record of Revision

Version	Revise Date	Page	Content
Pre-Spec.01	2017/06/27		Initial Release
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# 1. General Specifications

No.	Item	Specification	Remark
1	LCD size	7.0 inch(Diagonal)	
2	Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3	Resolution	800 × 3(RGB) × 480	
4	Display mode	Normally White, Transmissive	
5	Dot pitch	0.0642(W) × 0.1790(H) mm	
6	Active area	154.08(W) × 85.92(H) mm	
7	Module size	164.9(W) ×100.0(H) ×3.5(D) mm	Note 1
8	Surface treatment	Anti-Glare	
9	Color arrangement	RGB-stripe	
10	Interface	Digital	
11	Backlight power consumption	TBD	
12	Panel power consumption	TBD	
13	Weight	TBD	

Note 1: Refer to Mechanical Drawing.



## 2. Pin Assignment

## **TFT LCD Panel Driving Section**

FPC Connector is used for the module electronics interface. The recommended model is FH12A-50S-0.5SH manufactured by Hirose.

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	V <sub>LED+</sub>	Р	Power for LED backlight (Anode)	
2	$V_{LED+}$	Р	Power for LED backlight (Anode)	
3	$V_{LED}$	Р	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)	
4	$V_{LED}$	Р	Power for LED backlight (Cathode)	
5	GND	Р	Power ground	
6	V <sub>COM</sub>	I	Common voltage	
7	$DV_{DD}$	Р	Power for Digital Circuit	
8	MODE	l	DE/SYNC mode select	Note 1
9	DE	I	Data Input Enable	
10	VS	I	Vertical Sync Input	
11	HS	l	Horizontal Sync Input	
12	В7	I	Blue data(MSB)	
13	В6	I	Blue data	
14	B5	I	Blue data	
15	B4	I	Blue data	
16	В3	I	Blue data	
17	B2	I	Blue data	
18	B1	I	Blue data	Note 2
19	В0	I	Blue data(LSB)	Note 2
20	G7	I	Green data(MSB)	
21	G6	I	Green data	
22	G5	I	Green data	
23	G4	I	Green data	
24	G3	I	Green data	
25	G2	I	Green data	



26	G1	I	Green data	Note 2
27	G0	I	Green data(LSB)	Note 2
28	R7	I	Red data(MSB)	
29	R6	I	Red data	
30	R5	Ī	Red data	
31	R4	I	Red data	
32	R3	I	Red data	
33	R2	I	Red data	
34	R1	I	Red data	Note 2
35	R0	I	Red data(LSB)	Note 2
36	GND	Р	Power Ground	
37	DCLK	I	Sample clock	Note 3
38	GND	Р	Power Ground	
39	L/R	I	Left / right selection	Note 4,5
40	U/D	I	Up/down selection	Note 4,5
41	$V_{GH}$	Р	Gate ON Voltage	
42	$V_{GL}$	Р	Gate OFF Voltage	
43	$AV_DD$	Р	Power for Analog Circuit	
44	RESET	I	Global reset pin.	Note 6
45	NC	-	No connection	
46	V <sub>COM</sub>	I	Common Voltage	
47	DITHB	I	Dithering function	Note 7
48	GND	Р	Power Ground	
49	NC	-	No connection	
50	NC		No connection	

I: input, O: output, P: Power

Note 1: DE/SYNC mode select. Normally pull high.
When select DE mode, MODE="1", VS and HS must pull high.
When select SYNC mode, MODE= "0", DE must be grounded.

Note 2: When input 18 bits RGB data, the two low bits of R,G and B data must be grounded.

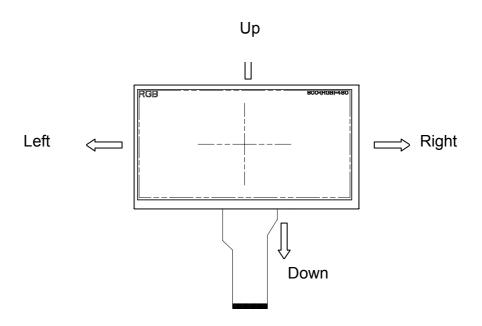
Note 3: Data shall be latched at the falling edge of DCLK.



Note 4: Selection of scanning mode

Setting of scan control input		Scanning direction		
U/D	L/R	Scarring direction		
GND	$DV_{DD}$	Up to down, left to right		
$DV_{DD}$	GND	Down to up, right to left		
GND	GND	Up to down, right to left		
DV <sub>DD</sub>	$DV_{DD}$	Down to up, left to right		

Note 5: Definition of scanning direction. Refer to the figure as below:



Note 6: Global reset pin. Active low to enter reset state. Suggest to connect with an RC reset circuit for stability. Normally pull high.

Note 7: Dithering function enable control, normally pull high. When DITHB="1", Disable internal dithering function, When DITHB="0", Enable internal dithering function,



## 3. Operation Specifications

## 3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Note 1)

Item	Symbol	Val	ues	Unit	Remark
item	Gymbol	Min.	Max.	Onit	Kemark
	$DV_{DD}$	-0.3	5.0	V	
	$AV_DD$	6.5	13.5	V	
Power voltage	V <sub>GH</sub>	-0.3	40.0	V	
	$V_{GL}$	-20.0	0.3	V	
	$V_{GH}$ - $V_{GL}$	-	40.0	V	
Operation Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-20	70	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-30	80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
LED Reverse Voltage	VR	-	1.2	V	Each LED Note 2
LED Forward Current	lf	-	25	mA	Each LED

Note 1: The absolute maximum rating values of this product are not allowed to be exceeded at any times. Should a module be used with any of the absolute maximum ratings exceeded, the characteristics of the module may not be recovered, or in an extreme case, the module may be permanently destroyed.

Note 2: VR Conditions: Zener Diode 20mA



#### 3.1.1. Typical Operation Conditions

( Note 1)

Itama	Cumb al		Values			Domank
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
	$DV_{DD}$	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	Note 2
Power voltage	AV <sub>DD</sub>	(10.2)	(10.4)	(10.6)	V	
	$V_{GH}$	(15.3)	(16.0)	(16.7)	V	
	$V_{GL}$	(-7.7)	(-7.0)	(-6.3)	V	
Input signal voltage	V <sub>COM</sub>	2.6	3.6	4.6	V	
Input logic high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 DV <sub>DD</sub>	-	$DV_DD$	V	Note 3
Input logic low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.3 DV <sub>DD</sub>	V	Note 3

Note 1: Be sure to apply  $DV_{DD}$  and  $V_{GL}$  to the LCD first, and then apply  $V_{GH}$ .

Note 2: DV<sub>DD</sub> setting should match the signals output voltage (refer to Note 3) of customer's system board.

Note 3: DCLK,HS,VS,RESET,U/D, L/R,DE,R0~R7,G0~G7,B0~B7,MODE,DITHB.



#### 3.1.2. Current Consumption

	Symbol		Values		Unit	Remark	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit		
Current for Driver	I <sub>GH</sub>	-	0.2	1.0	mA	V <sub>GH</sub> =17.0V	
	I <sub>GL</sub>	-	0.2	1.0	mA	V <sub>GL</sub> = -5.0V	
	$IDV_DD$	-	4.0	10	mA	DV <sub>DD</sub> =3.3V	
	IAV <sub>DD</sub>	-	20	50	mA	AV <sub>DD</sub> =10.4V	

#### 3.1.3. Backlight Driving Conditions

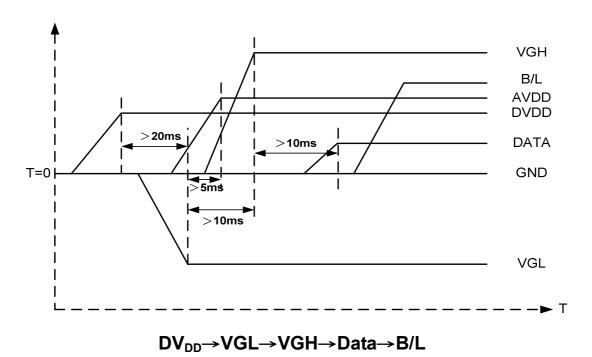
Item	Symbol		Values		Unit	Remark
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit	Remark
Voltage for LED backlight	V <sub>L</sub>	(9.3)	(9.9)	(10.5)	V	Note 1
Current for LED backlight	ΙL	(180)	(200)	(220)	mA	
LED life time	-	20,000	-	-	Hr	Note 2

Note 2: The "LED life time" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C and I<sub>L</sub> =200mA. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating I<sub>L</sub> is lager than 200mA.

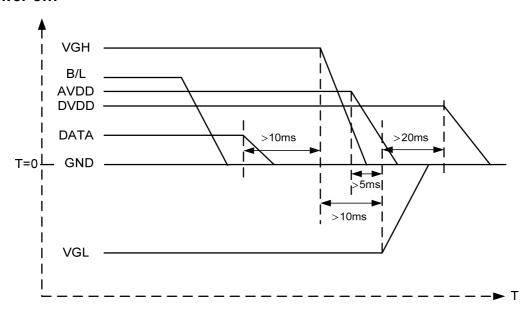


## 3.2. Power Sequence

#### a. Power on:



#### b. Power off:



 $B/L \rightarrow Data \rightarrow VGH \rightarrow VGL \rightarrow DV_{DD}$ 

Note: Data include R0~R7, B0~B7, GO~G7, U/D, L/R, DCLK, HS,VS,DE.



## 3.3. Timing Characteristics

#### 3.3.1. AC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Nemark
HS setup time	Thst	8	-	-	ns	
HS hold time	Thhd	8	-	-	ns	
VS setup time	Tvst	8	-	-	ns	
VS hold time	Tvhd	8	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	Tdsu	8	-	-	ns	
Data hole time	Tdhd	8	-	-	ns	
DE setup time	Tesu	8	-	-	ns	
DE hole time	Tehd	8	-	-	ns	
DV <sub>DD</sub> Power On Slew rate	Tpor	-	-	20	ms	From 0 to 90% DV <sub>DD</sub>
RESET pulse width	T <sub>Rst</sub>	1	-	-	ms	
DCLK cycle time	Tcoh	20	-	-	ns	
DCLK pulse duty	Tcwh	40	50	60	%	



#### 3.3.2. Data Input Format

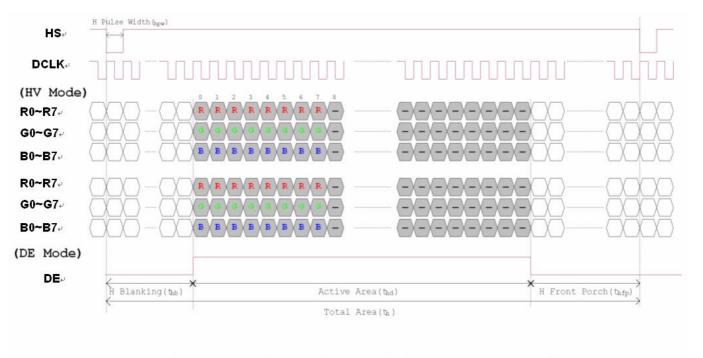


Figure 3. 1 Horizontal input timing diagram.

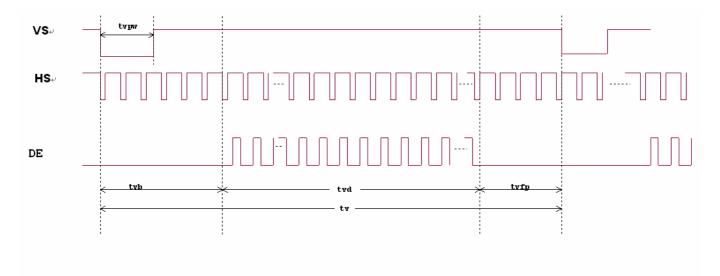


Figure 3. 2 Vertical input timing diagram.



## 3.3.3. Timing

Item	Symbol		Values	Unit	Remark	
item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Nemark
Horizontal Display Area	thd	-	800	-	DCLK	
DCLK Frequency	fclk	26.4	33.3	46.8	MHz	
One Horizontal Line	th	862	1056	1200	DCLK	
HS pulse width	thpw	1	-	40	DCLK	
HS Blanking	thb	46	46	46	DCLK	
HS Front Porch	thfp	16	210	354	DCLK	

Item	Symbol	Values			Unit	Remark
item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit	Remark
Vertical Display Area	tvd	-	480	-	TH	
VS period time	tv	510	525	650	TH	
VS pulse width	tvpw	1	-	20	TH	
VS Blanking	tvb	23	23	23	TH	
VS Front Porch	tvfp	7	22	147	TH	



## 4. Optical Specifications

Item	Symbol	Condition	Values			Unit	Remark
item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ollit	Keiliaik
	$\theta_{L}$	Φ=180°(9 o'clock)	60	70	-		Note 1
Viewing angle	$\theta_{R}$	Φ=0°(3 o'clock)	60	70	-	dograo	
(CR≥ 10)	θτ	Φ=90°(12 o'clock)	40	50	-	degree	
	$\theta_{B}$	Φ=270°(6 o'clock)	60	70	-		
Dognanaa tima	T <sub>ON</sub>		-	10	20	msec	Note 3
Response time	T <sub>OFF</sub>		-	15	30	msec	Note 3
Contrast ratio	CR		400	500	-	-	Note 4
	W <sub>X</sub>	Normal θ=Φ=0°	0.26	0.31	0.36	-	Note 2
Color chromaticity W <sub>Y</sub>		0.28	0.33	0.38	-	Note 5 Note 6	
Luminance	L		350	400	-	cd/m2	Note 6
Luminance uniformity	Yu		70	75	-	%	Note 7

#### **Test Conditions:**

- 1. DV<sub>DD</sub>=3.3V, I<sub>L</sub>=200mA (Backlight current), the ambient temperature is 25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  .
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 2.



Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

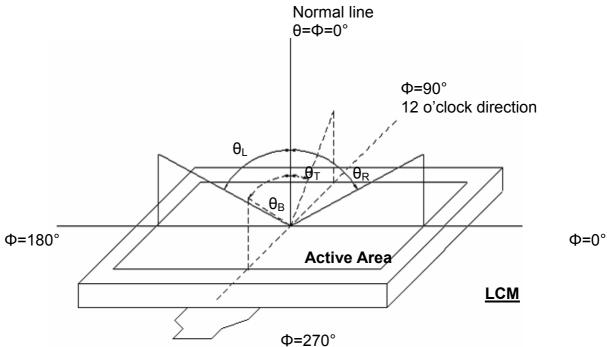


Fig. 4-1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 2: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 30 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. (Response time is measured by Photo detector TOPCON BM-7, other items are measured by BM-5A/Field of view: 1° /Height: 500mm.)

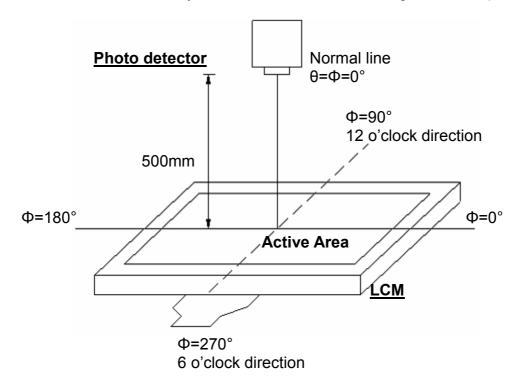


Fig. 4-2 Optical measurement system setup



#### Note 3: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time  $(T_{ON})$  is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time  $(T_{OFF})$  is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

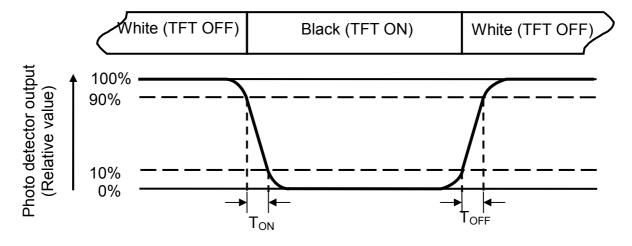


Fig. 4-3 Definition of response time

#### Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio (CR) =  $\frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state}}$ 

Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

Note 6: All input terminals LCD panel must be ground while measuring the center area of the panel. The LED driving condition is  $I_L$ =200mA .



#### Note 7: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer to Fig. 4-4 ). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (Yu) = 
$$\frac{B_{min}}{B_{max}}$$

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

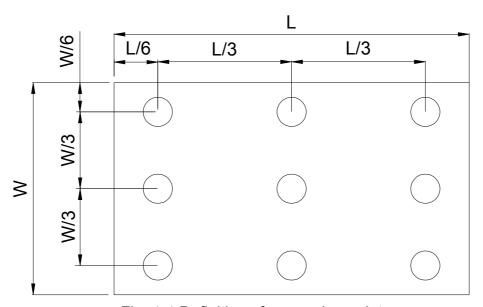


Fig. 4-4 Definition of measuring points

 $B_{max}$ : The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

**B**<sub>min</sub>: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.



## 5. Reliability Test Items

(Note3)

Item	Tes	t Conditions	Remark
High Temperature Storage	Ta = 80°C	240hrs	Note 1 , Note 4
Low Temperature Storage	Ta = -30°C	240hrs	Note 1 , Note 4
High Temperature Operation	Ts = 70°C	240hrs	Note 2 , Note 4
Low Temperature Operation	Ta = -20°C	240hrs	Note 1 , Note 4
Operate at High Temperature and Humidity	+60℃, 90%RH	240hrs	Note 4
Thermal Shock	_	0°C/30 min for a total 100 cold temperature and end ture.	Note 4
Vibration Test	Frequency range: Stroke:1.5mm Sweep:10Hz~55H 2 hours for each of (6 hours for total)	z~10Hz	
Mechanical Shock	100G 6ms,±X, ±Y, direction	±Z 3 times for each	
Package Vibration Test	Random Vibration 0.015G*G/Hz from from 200-500HZ 2 hours for each of (6 hours for total)	n 5-200HZ, -6dB/Octave	
Package Drop Test	Height:60 cm 1 corner, 3 edges,		
Electro Static Discharge	± 2KV, Human B	ody Mode, 100pF/1500Ω	

- Note 1: Ta is the ambient temperature of samples.
- Note 2: Ts is the temperature of panel's surface.
- Note 3: In the standard condition, there shall be no practical problem that may affect the display function. After the reliability test, the product only guarantees operation, but don't guarantee all of the cosmetic specification.
- Note 4: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.



### 6. General Precautions

### 6.1. Safety

Liquid crystal is poisonous. Do not put it in your mouth. If liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, wash it off immediately by using soap and water.

### 6.2. Handling

- 1. The LCD panel is plate glass. Do not subject the panel to mechanical shock or to excessive force on its surface.
- 2. The polarizer attached to the display is easily damaged. Please handle it carefully to avoid scratch or other damages.
- 3. To avoid contamination on the display surface, do not touch the module surface with bare hands.
  - 4. Keep a space so that the LCD panels do not touch other components.
- 5. Put cover board such as acrylic board on the surface of LCD panel to protect panel from damages.
- 6. Transparent electrodes may be disconnected if you use the LCD panel under environmental conditions where the condensation of dew occurs.
  - 7. Do not leave module in direct sunlight to avoid malfunction of the ICs.

### 6.3. Static Electricity

- 1. Be sure to ground module before turning on power or operating module.
- 2. Do not apply voltage which exceeds the absolute maximum rating value.

## 6.4. Storage

- 1. Store the module in a dark room where must keep at 25±10°C and 65%RH or less.
- 2. Do not store the module in surroundings containing organic solvent or corrosive gas.
  - 3. Store the module in an anti-electrostatic container or bag.

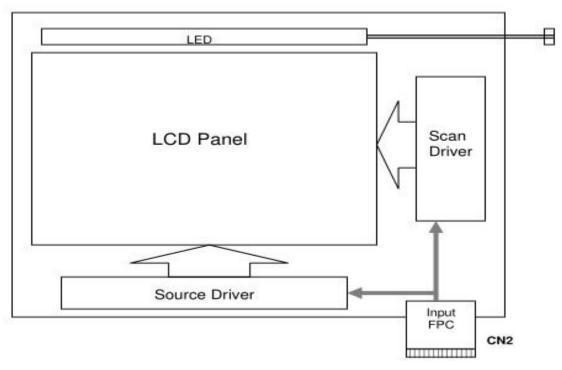
### 6.5. Cleaning

- 1. Do not wipe the polarizer with dry cloth. It might cause scratch.
- 2. Only use a soft sloth with IPA to wipe the polarizer, other chemicals might permanent damage to the polarizer.

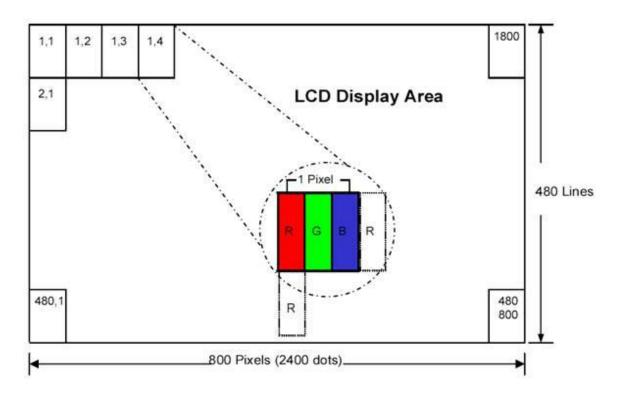


#### 7.0BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### 7.1 TFT LCD Module

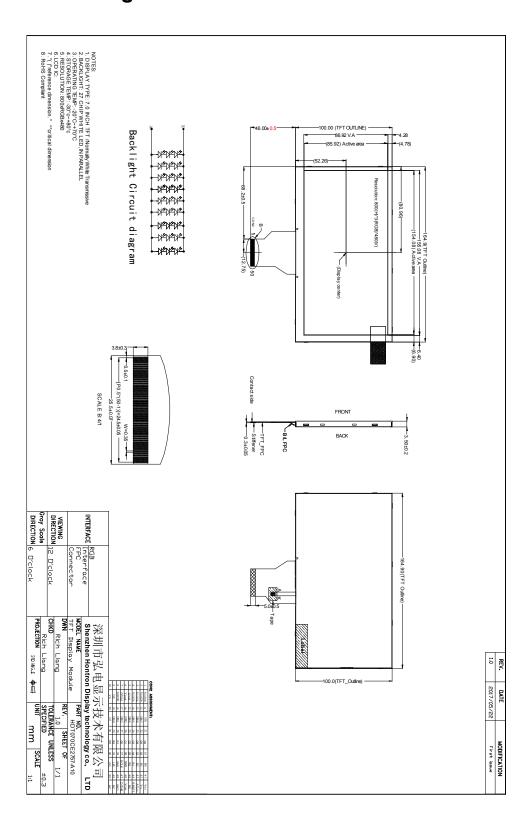


#### 7.2 Pixel Format





## **8 Mechanical Drawing**





#### 9.0 BOM LIST

(TBD)

#### 10.0 LOT MARK

#### **10.1 Location of Lot Mark**

- (1) Location: The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module.
- (2) Detail of the Mark: as attached below.
- (3) This is subject to change without prior notice.



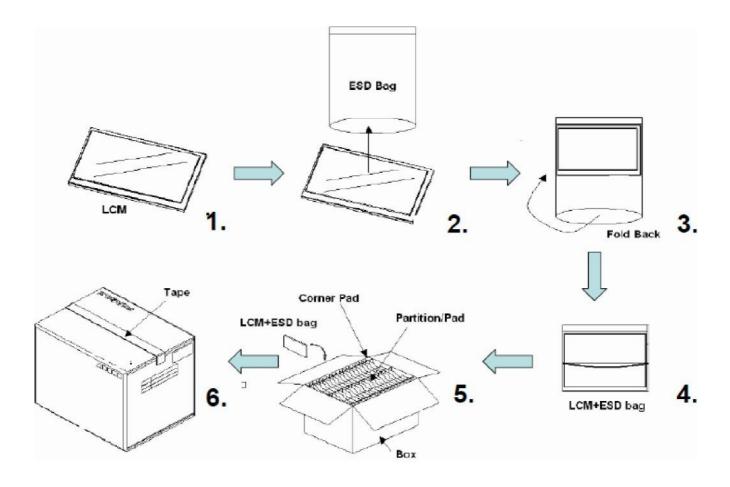


### 11.0 PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

### 11.1 Packing form

LCM Model	LCM Qty. in the box	Inner Box Size ( mm )	Note
070WIE2735-A4 V.1	80 pcs/box	490±5 x 340±5 x 250±5	

### 11.2 Packing assembly drawings



Items	Material	Notice
Вох	Corrugated Paper Board	AB Flute
Partition/Pad	Corrugated Paper Board	B Flute
Corner Pad	Corrugated Paper Board	AB Flute
ESD bag	PE	



- 12.2.2.1 Housing case must be destined carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD all sides and not to wrench module. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.
- 12.2.2.2 Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. The clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
- 12.2.3 Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with any-thing hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands.(Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- 12.2.4 Please do not press any parts on the rear side such as source IC, gate IC, and FPC during handling LCD module, If pressing rear part is unavoidable, handle the LCD module with care not to damage them.
- 12.2.5 Please wipe out LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- 12.2.6 Please wipe out drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- 12.2.7 Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- 12.3 Disassembling or Modification

Do not disassemble or modify the module. It may damage sensitive parts inside LCD module, and may cause scratches or dust on the display. Century does not warrant the module, if customers disassemble or modify the module.

#### 12.4 Breakage of LCD Panel

- 12.4.1.If LCD panel is broken and liquid crystal spills out, do not ingest or inhale liquid crystal, and do not contact liquid crystal with skin.
- 12.4.2. If liquid crystal contacts mouth or eyes, rinse out with water immediately.
- 12.4.3. If liquid crystal contacts skin or cloths, wash it off immediately with alcohol and rinse thoroughly with water.
- 12.4.4. Handle carefully with chips of glass that may cause injury, when the glass is broken.
- 12.5 Absolute Maximum Ratings and Power Protection Circuit
  - 12.5.1. Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating values, such as the supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in parts' parameters, environmental temperature, etc., otherwise LCD module may be damaged.
  - 12.5.2. Please do not leave LCD module in the environment of high humidity and high temperature for a long time.
  - 12.5.3. It's recommended to employ protection circuit for power supply.
- 12.6 **Operation** 
  - 12.6.1 Do not touch, push or rub the polarizer with anything harder than HB pencil lead.
  - 12.6.2 Use fingerstalls of soft gloves in order to keep clean display quality, when persons handle the LCD module for incoming inspection or assembly.
  - 12.6.3 When the surface is dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material.
  - 12.6.4 Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. If saliva or water drops contact with polarizer for a long time, they may causes deformation or color fading.



- 12.6.5 When cleaning the adhesives, please use absorbent cotton wetted with a little petroleum benzene or other adequate solvent.
- 12.7 Static Electricity
  - 12.7.1 Protection film must remove very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatic occurrence.
  - 12.7.2. Because LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, it is very weak to electrostatic discharge.

    Please be careful with electrostatic discharge.
  - 12.7.3 Persons who handle the module should be grounded through adequate methods.
- 12.8 Disposal
  - When disposing LCD module, obey the local environmental regulations.
- 12.9 Others
  - 12.9.1 A strong incident light into LCD panel might cause display characteristics' changing inferior because of Polarizer film, color filter, and other materials becoming inferior. Please do not expose LCD module direct sunlight Land Strong UV rays.
  - 12.9.2 Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in pressing it alone.
  - 12.9.3 For the packaging box, please pay attention to the followings:
    - 12.9.3.1 Packaging box and inner case for LCD are designed to protect the LCDs from the damage or scratching during transportation. Please do not open except picking LCDs up from the box.
    - 12.9.3.2 Please do not pile them up more than 6 boxes(They are not designed so) And please do not turn over.
    - 12.9.3.3 Please handle packaging box with care not to give them sudden shock and vibrations. And also please do not throw them up.
    - 12.9.3.4 Packing box and inner case for LCDs are made of cardboard, So please pay attention not to get them wet(Such like keeping them in high humidity or wet place can occur getting them wet.)