

NXP SECURITY SOLUTIONS AND USE-CASES

PLUG & TRUST THE FAST, EASY WAY TO DEPLOY SECURE IOT CONNECTIONS

STATION F

ANNE VERNAY

JUNE 11TH 2019



PUBLIC



SECURE CONNECTIONS
FOR A SMARTER WORLD

SECURITY PRINCIPLES

Reasons to consider a secure element in IoT devices

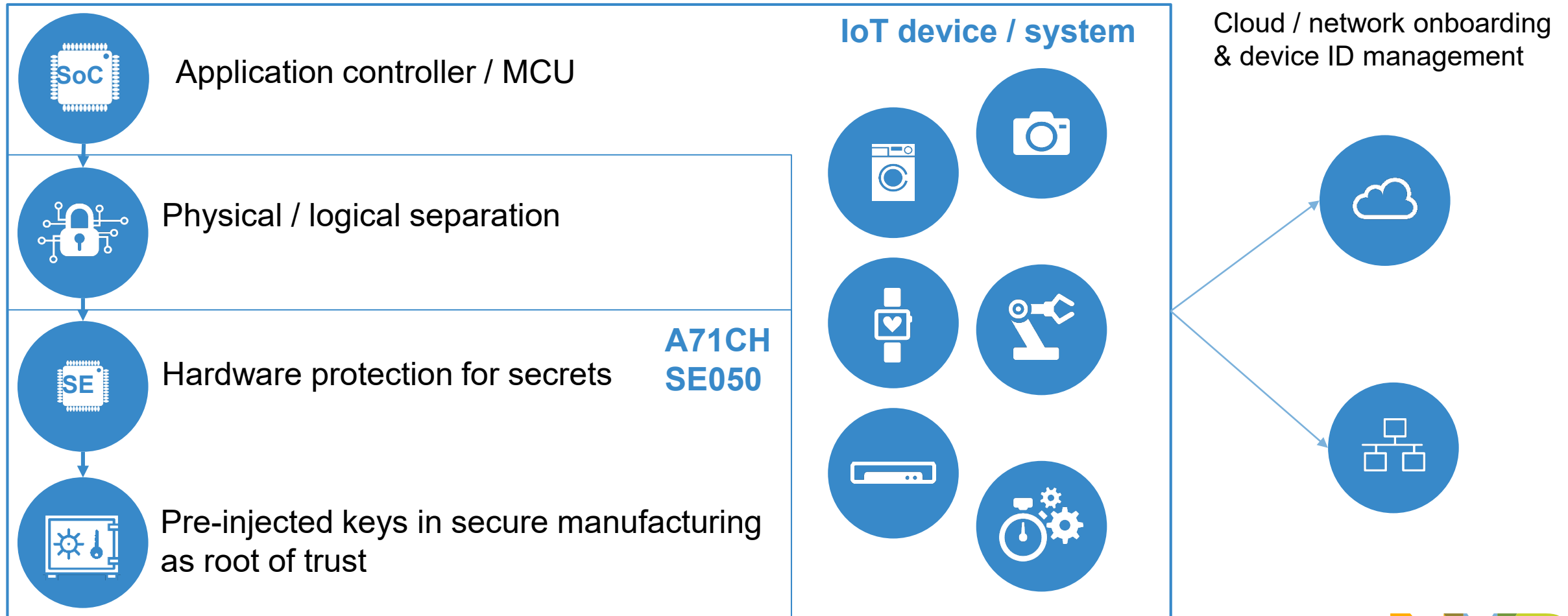
Why a discrete security IC in IoT devices?

Root of trust	<ul style="list-style-type: none">→ Security and key management throughout the whole value chain right from the start
Closed system	<ul style="list-style-type: none">→ On Chip NV Memory with access policy→ Closed system architecture to isolate memory access from host system.→ NV memory only accessible via Chip OS / Applet
Out-of-the-box security	<ul style="list-style-type: none">→ Scalable and ready to deploy→ No need to develop secure SW

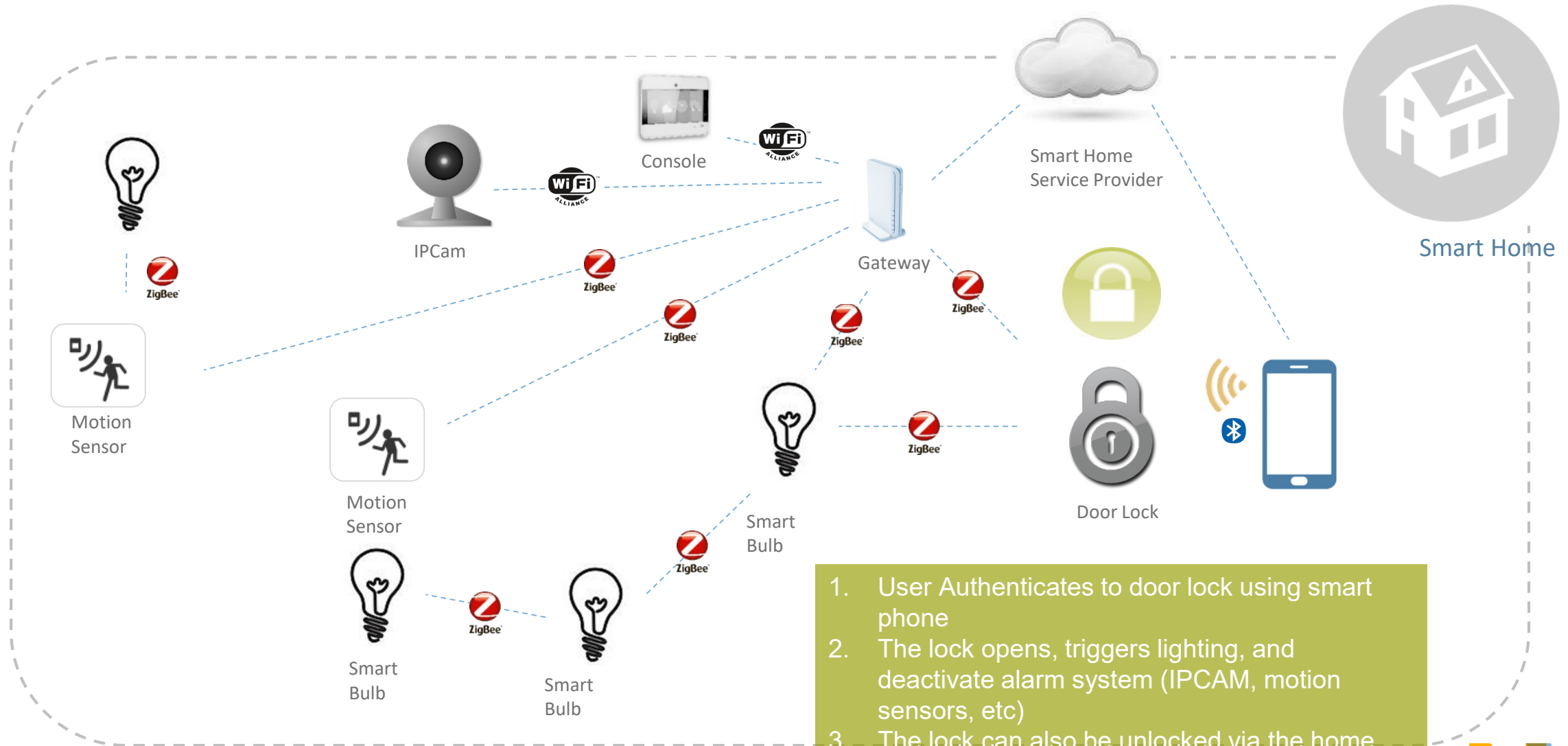
Keeping secrets secret



Layers of Security – Chain of trust based on Secure Element

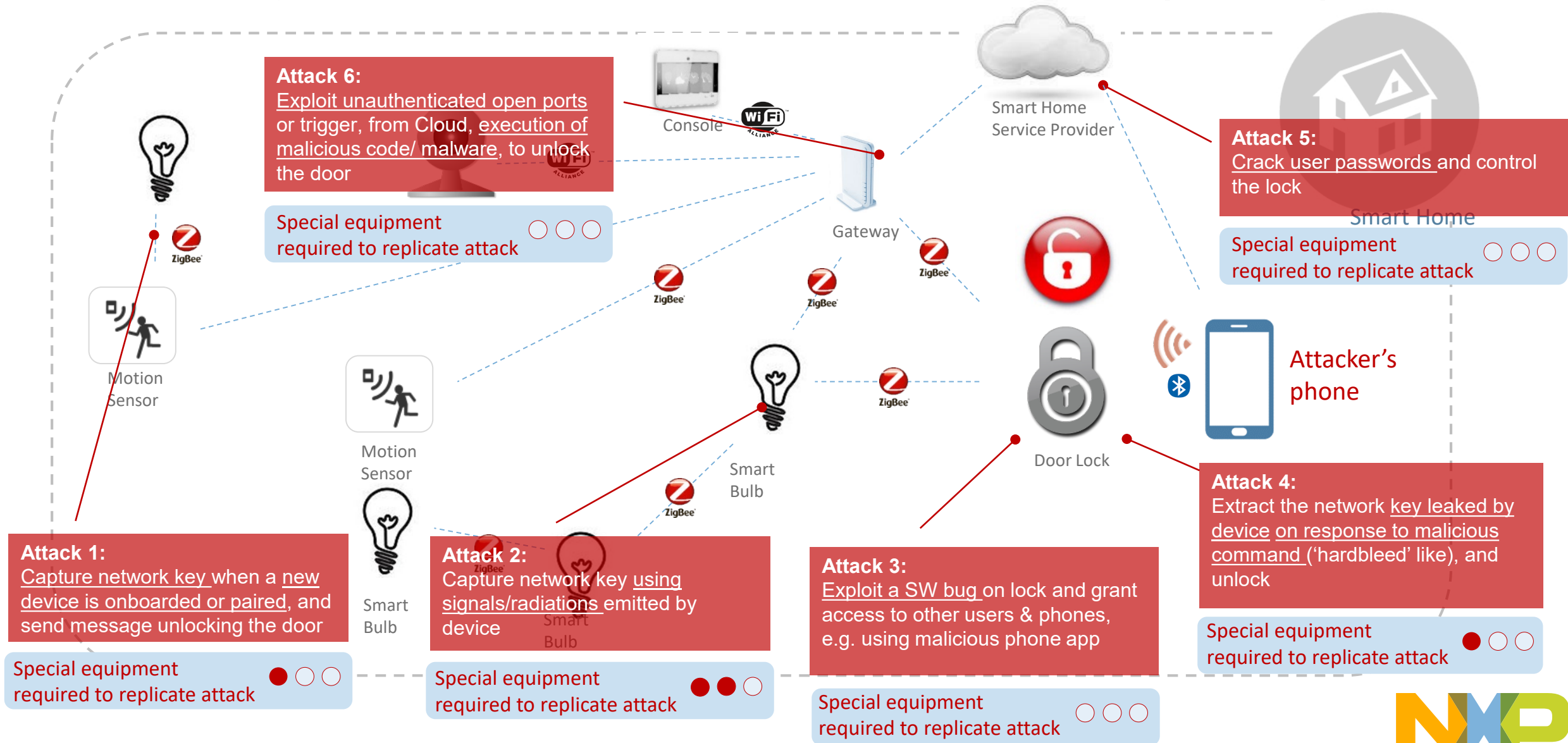


Case Study 1: Unlock the door in a Smart Home



1. User Authenticates to door lock using smart phone
2. The lock opens, triggers lighting, and deactivate alarm system (IPCAM, motion sensors, etc)
3. The lock can also be unlocked via the home gateway, controlled from WiFi consoles and phones via the Cloud

Case Study 1: Unlock the door in a Smart Home (cont'd)



Attack Types

- **Physical** – making use of physical properties or deficiencies in the device.
- **Logical** – by sending malicious messages, the software will misbehave.
- **Local** – adversary must be in the proximity of the device
- **Remote** – adversary can be anywhere

	Physical	Logical
Local	Power Analysis Light Attacks Glitching	Exploiting JTAG, serial, USB
Remote	Meltdown/Spectre Cache timing Rowhammer	Buffer overflow Heartbleed Flooding/DoS

Secure Element based security is the market trend for smart devices

Ever more sophisticated attacks

Cache-Attacks on the ARM TrustZone implementations of AES-256 and AES-256-GCM via GPU-based analysis

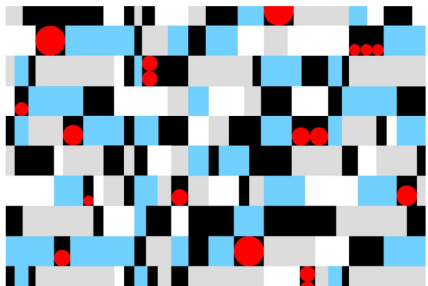
Ben Lapid and Avishai Wool

School of Electrical Engineering, Tel Aviv University, ISRAEL
ben.lapid@gmail.com, yash@eng.tau.ac.il

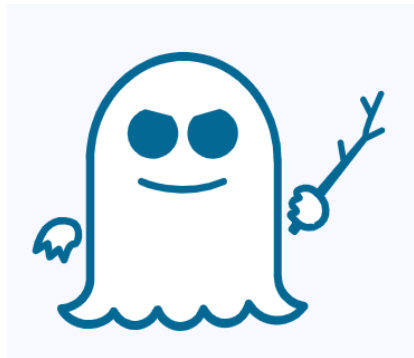


Meltdown

LILY HAY, NEWMAN SECURITY 11.21.18 09:31 PM
AN INGENIOUS DATA HACK IS MORE DANGEROUS THAN ANYONE FEARED

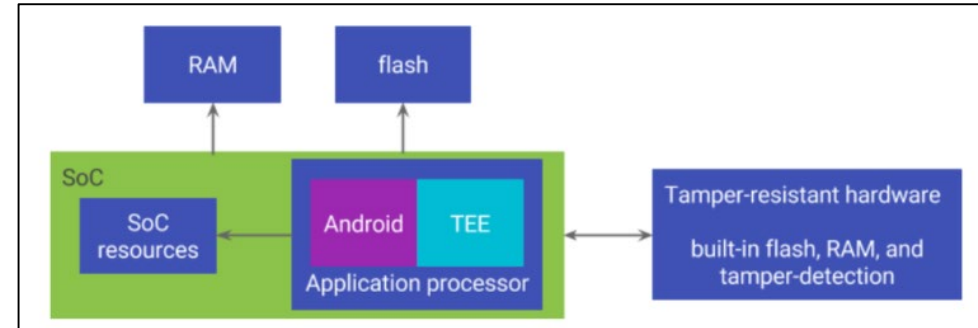


Rowhammer



Spectre

More device architectures and new use cases with Secure Element-based security

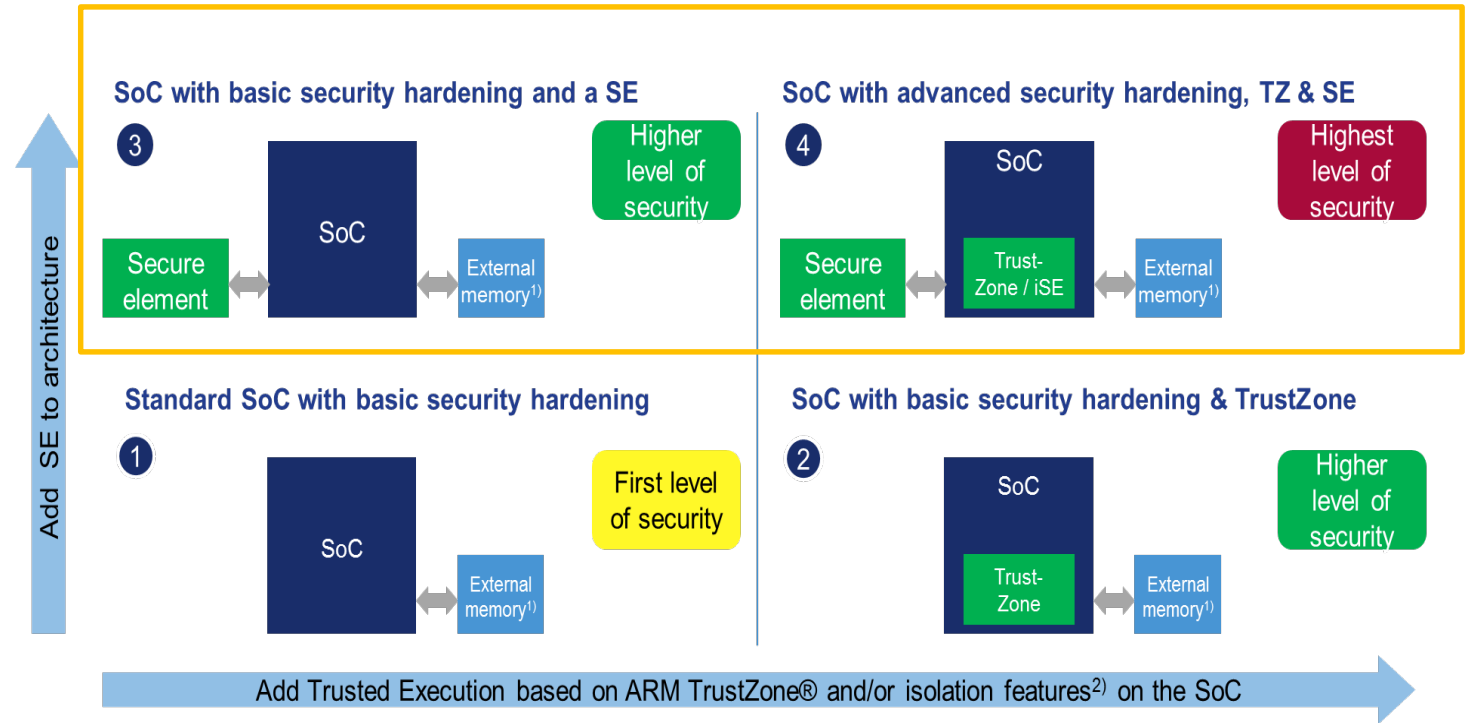
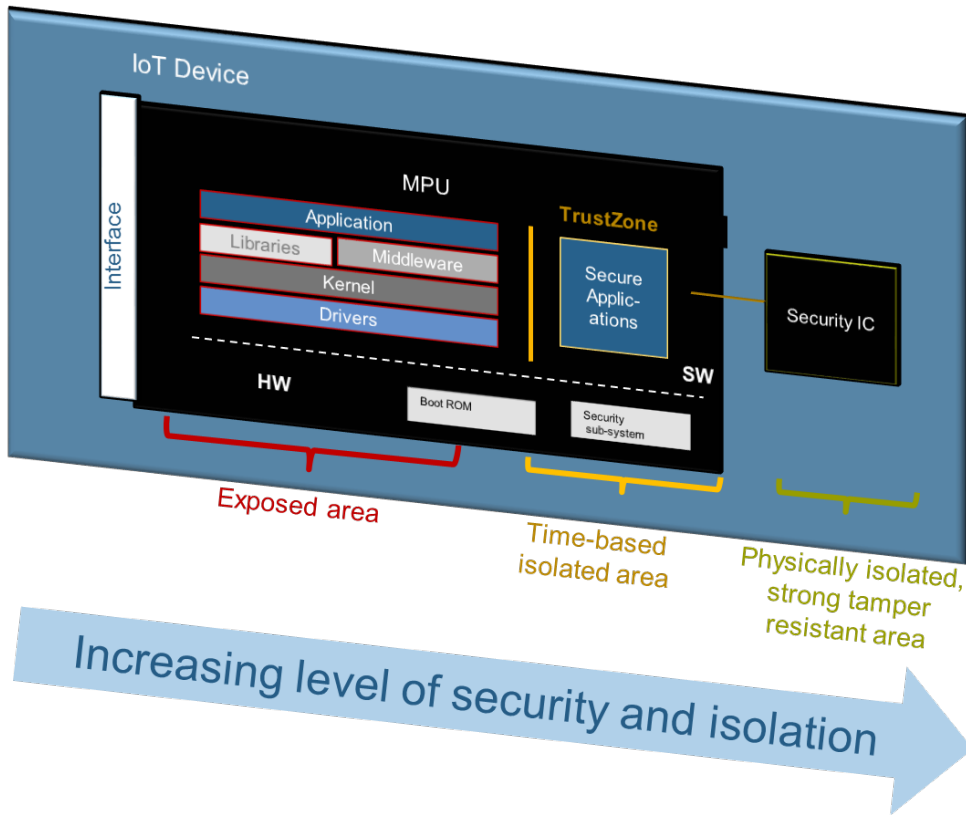


<http://www.googblogs.com/how-the-pixel-2s-security-module-delivers-enterprise-grade-security/>

Hardware security module

Supported devices running Android 9 (API level 28) or higher installed can have a *StrongBox Keymaster*, an implementation of the Keymaster HAL that resides in a hardware security module.

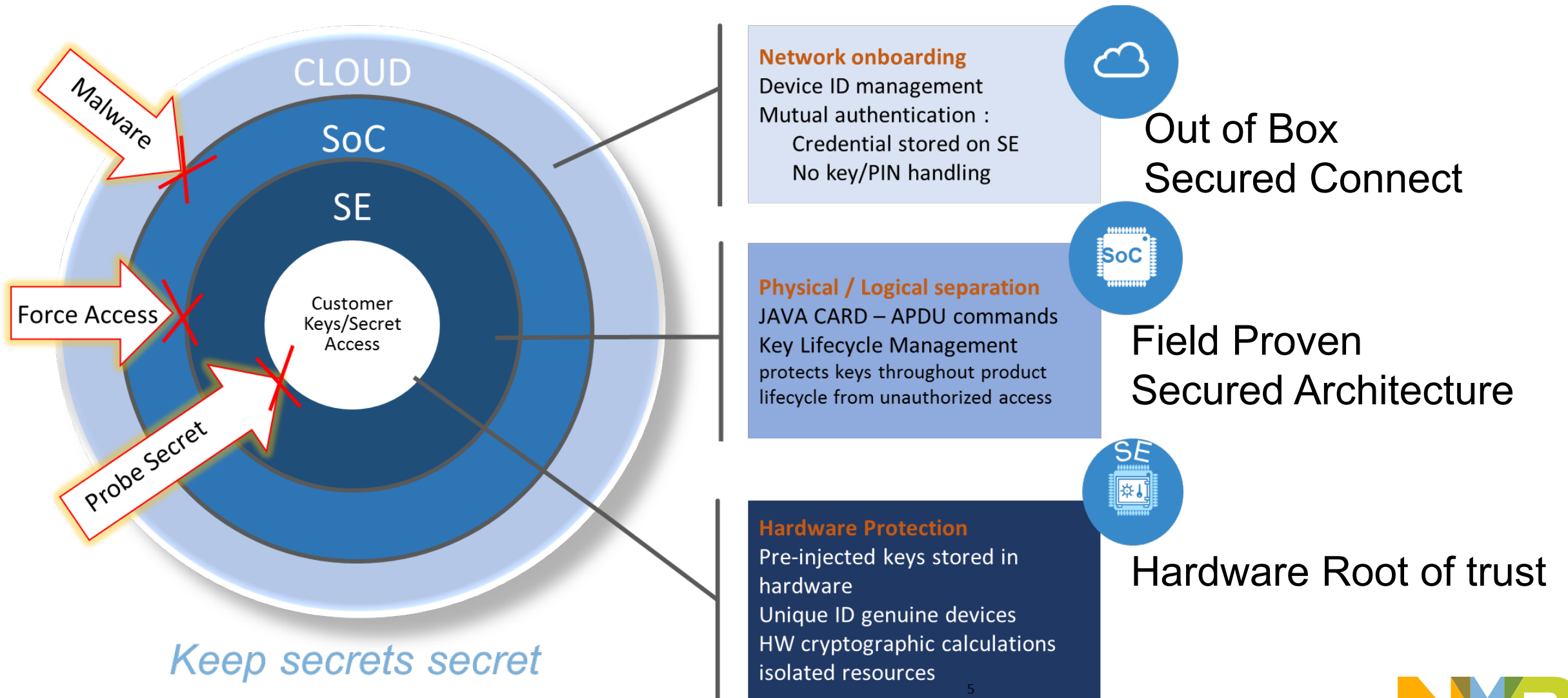
Shades of grade of security



1) Not mandatory for MCUs/MPUs when they have embedded memory;

2) Features like RDC (Resource Domain Controller) on i.MX

SE for IoT End to End Security



EDGELOCK™ SE

EdgeLock™ SE : a new family to cover all IoT use cases

A71CH/L – Root of Trust

Security and key management throughout the whole value chain right from the start. Complete solution – ready to be used!

Plug & Trust

approach for lower time to market & easy integration

Secure Cloud Connections

AWS, IBM, Google, Alibaba, Baidu

Out-of-Box Security

system solution with secure OS & pre-programmed secure applet



SE050 – Added values

Building on top of A71CH, EdgeLock SE050 offers even more value. Flagship 40nm architecture and CC EAL 6+ certified state of the art security concepts protect strongly against most recent attack scenarios. Additional use cases to answer multiple application needs in IoT and especially industrial.

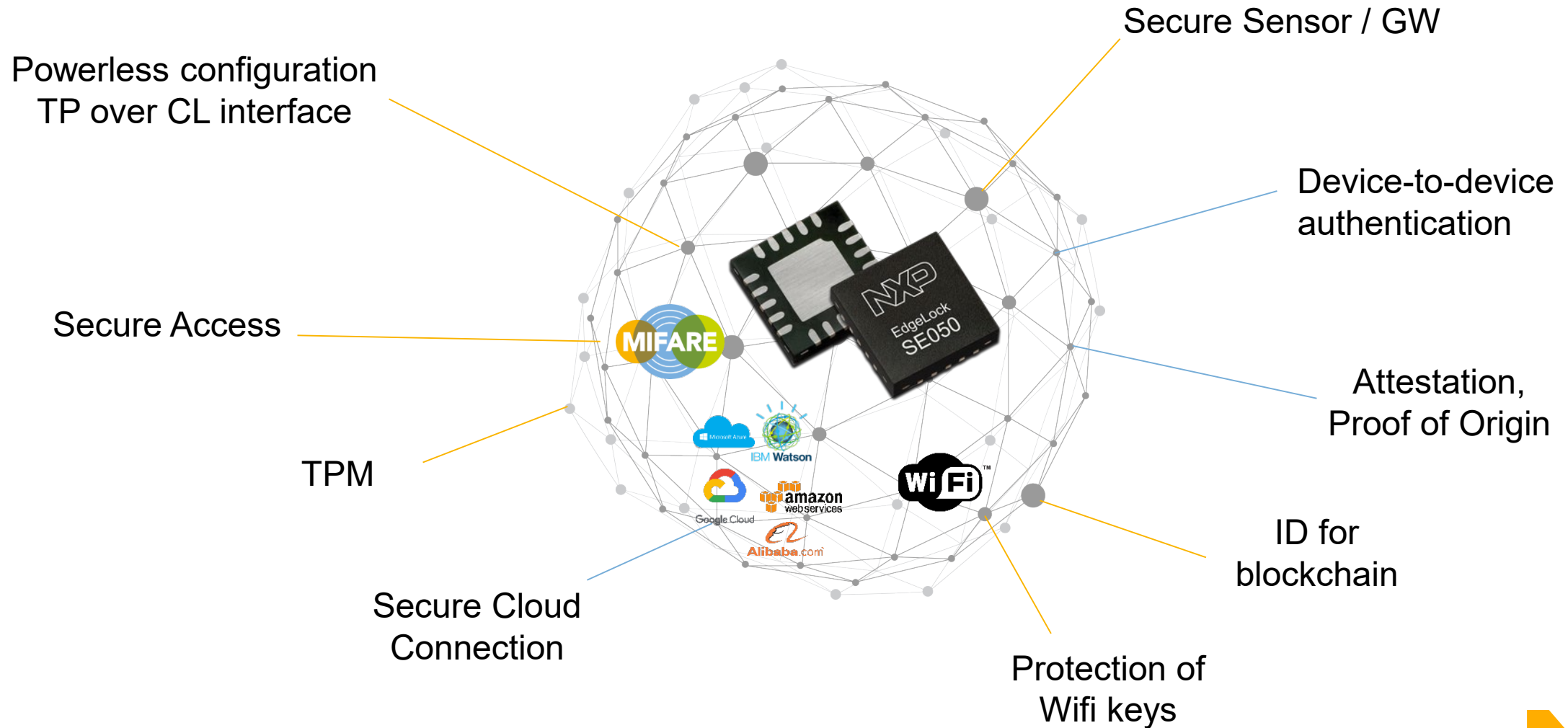
Enhanced security

- CC EAL 6+ certified HW & OS as safe environment for IoT applets
- RSA & ECC functionalities
- Future proof curves & higher key length
- Encrypted communication via SCP
- Symmetric ciphers for en/decryption

More flexibility

- Product family with multiple configs
- Ease of Use pre-injected keys
- Various new IoT Security use cases
- Easy integration with multiple MCU/MPU platforms & OS
- Flexible applet with dynamic 50kB + MAL 1.0 for flexibility

EdgeLock™ SE : SE050 family - Use Cases



EdgeLock™ SE = A71CH & SE050

	A71CH	SE050
Cryptography	ECDSA/ECDH/ECDHE 256p, HMAC, SHA256 AES Key wrapping, KDF, PRF (TLS-PSK)	ECC (ECDSA/ECDH/ECDHE/ECDA), HMAC, CMAC, SHA-1, SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512, RSA (up to 4096), AES (128, 256) encryption/ decryption, DES, HKDF, MIFARE KDF, PRF (TLS-PSK)
Crypto curves	ECC NIST curve	ECC NIST (192 to 521-bit), Brainpool (160 to 512-bit), Koblitz (160 to 256 bit), Edward (Ed25519), Montgomery (Curve25519)
ECDSA sign performance	~109ms	~28ms
Support ECC/RSA	Yes/No	Yes/Yes
Interfaces	I2C (400kbps)	I2C (3.4Mbps) Slave, I2C Master, (fast mode 400kbps) NFC interface
Secured IF (encryption/authentication on interface)	SCP03 (bus encryption + encrypted credential injection)	SCP03 (bus encryption + encrypted credential injection on applet and platform level)
User Memory	4 kB	50kB
Power Saving Mode	Sleep 30uA, Deep Sleep 5uA	Idle: 400uA, Deep Sleep:<5uA
Temperature/Supply voltage range	-40...+90 deg/1.62...3.6V	-40...+105 deg/1.65...3.6V
Packaging	4x4mm (HVSON-8), 2x2mm (CSP)	3x3mm (HX2QFN20)
Key Strength	Cryptographic features, secured IF, Cloud onboarding	Cryptographic features, EAL 6+ up to OS level, cloud onboarding, optimized for industrial applications, secure end-to- end channel, supporting main TPM functions

A71CH product support package

A71CH development boards



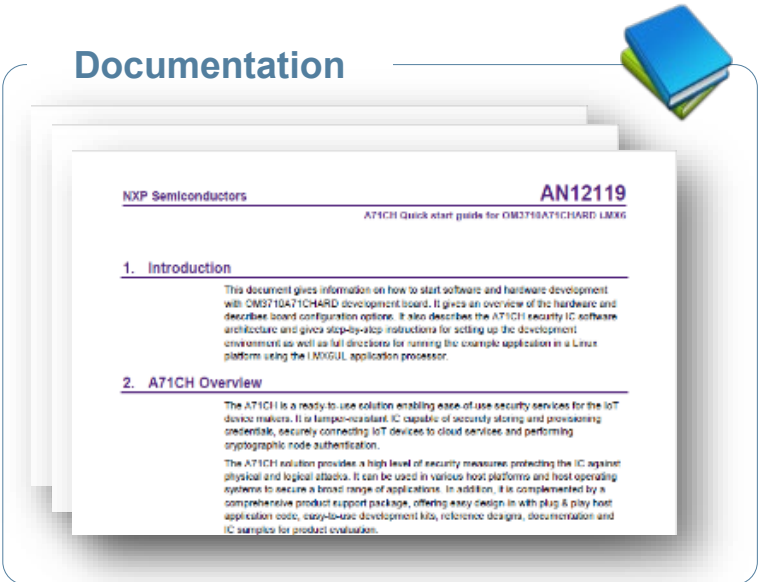
Includes an A71CH Mini PCB board and an Arduino adaptor for i.MX, Kinetis and LPC boards.

A71CH Host software package



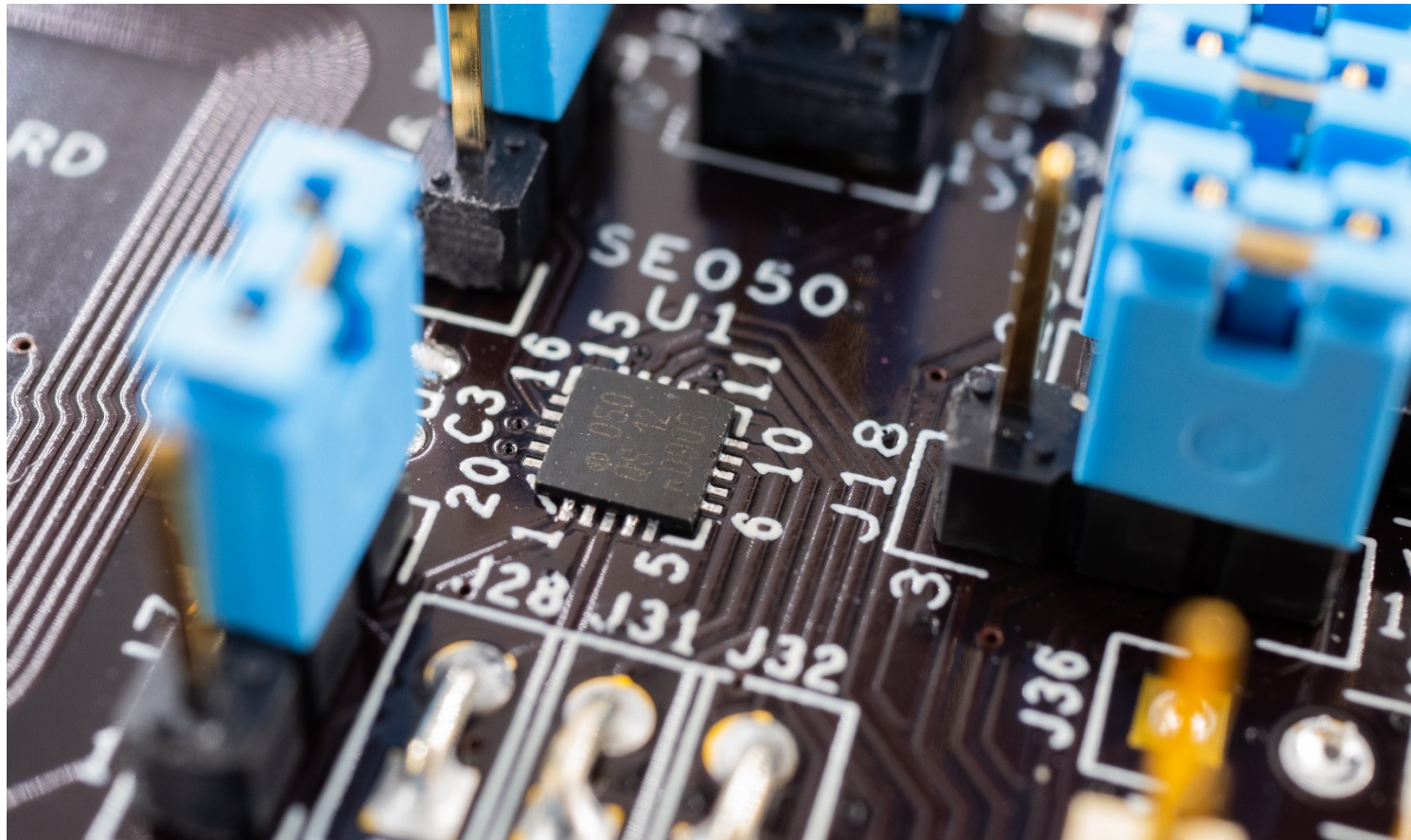
Comprehensive software package including A71CH Host SW API, sample applications, source code and API documentation

Documentation



Extensive support documentation for facilitating product evaluation and also the implementation process of the main use cases.

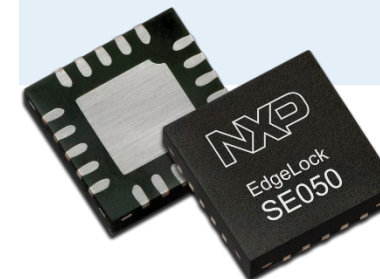
EdgeLock™ SE050 product family – Launch June 11



SE050C
ECC, RSA, AES, DES,
MIFARE KDF, CL-IF,
I2C Master

SE050B
RSA, AES, DES

SE050A
ECC, AES, DES



Secure Provisioning



Pre-configuration

The SE050 will come pre-provisioned with root keys which can be used for all major use cases not requiring customer specific credentials



Enhanced TP via NXP for volumes >150k per order line

Simple TP tool enabling easier configuration of SE050



TP Tool

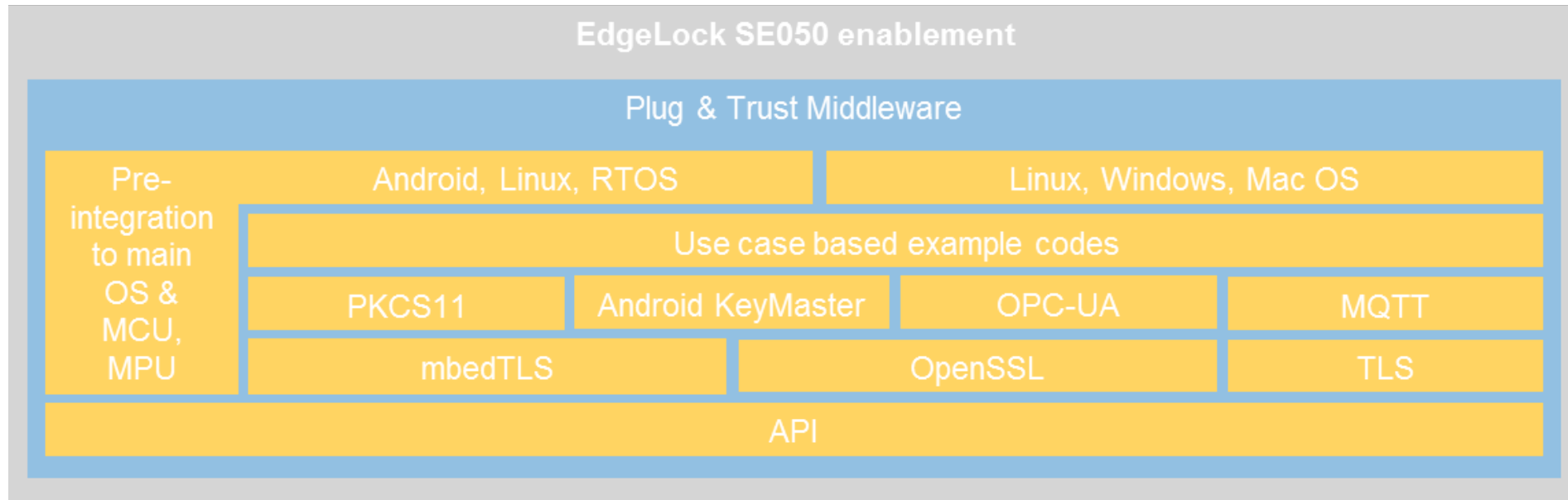
Secure connection to cloud service
CN name used in Certificates - maximum 12 characters, can be left empty
Certificate type used for the generated certificates for each key version:
 AWS_V0 IBM_Device_V0 IBM_GataWay_V0 Google_V0 Template 1 Template 2
 Prepare for IoT Hub Usage (in this case an IoT Hub certificate will be generated for key version 0)
Key Provisioning
 Number of Key Pair Versions to be provisioned (allowed values: 0-3) Lock keys
 Inject One Individual CA (will be in Key Slot 3)
 Number of the individual symmetric keys to be provisioned (0-3)* Lock keys
 Number of static symmetric keys to be provisioned (0-3)* Lock Keys
Public Keys
 Certificate for Public Key Slot 0
 Certificate for Public Key Slot 1
 Certificate for Public Key Slot 2
SCP Usage
 Off Static Diversified*
Key Delivery
 Enable Key Delivery
Username of IoT Hub
Generic Configuration
 HVGFN Package WLSC Package
 Default Temperature Range Extended Temperature Range
Transport Lock
 Off Static* One Individual*
* Requires Key delivery to access keys

Customized provisioning for any volumes via our distributors

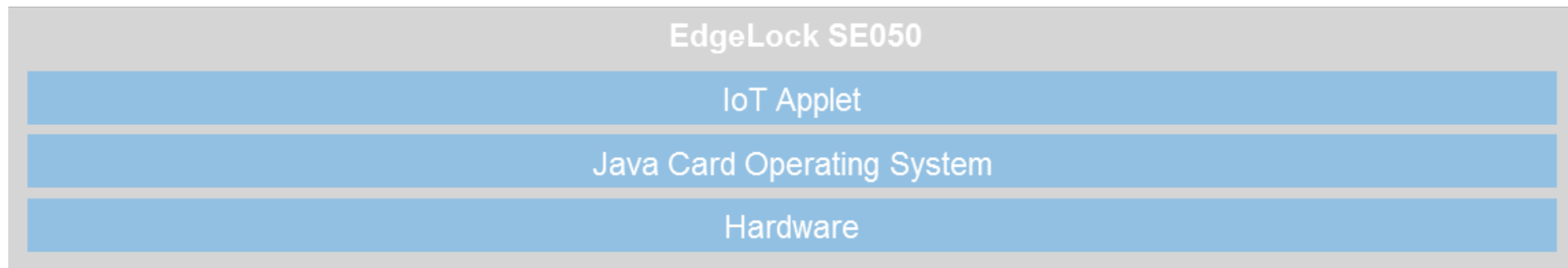
We enable Data I/O to upgrade the existing equipment installed at the main distributors to support SE050 provisioning



EdgeLock™ SE : SE050 Plug & Trust Middleware



- i.MX 8
- LPC55S
- i.MX RT1050
- K64F
- Hikey 960
- i.MX 6UL



CLOUD ONBOARDING WITH EDGELOCK™ SE



Cloud onboarding with Secure Element

Secure trust provisioning with SE and secure authenticator

Onboarding flow with our Secure elements



NXP products used

- A71 Plug & Trust Secure Elements
 - A71CH (for following clouds: AWS, GCP, WIoT)
 - A71CL (for following clouds: Alibaba, Baidu)
- SE050 EdgeLock

Security use-cases features enabled

- Zero-touch onboarding on Clouds
- Secure Manufacturing, no exposure of keys at EMS and supply chain
- Ecosystem Protection

Note: Secure element and secure authenticator support more use cases

Security features of products used

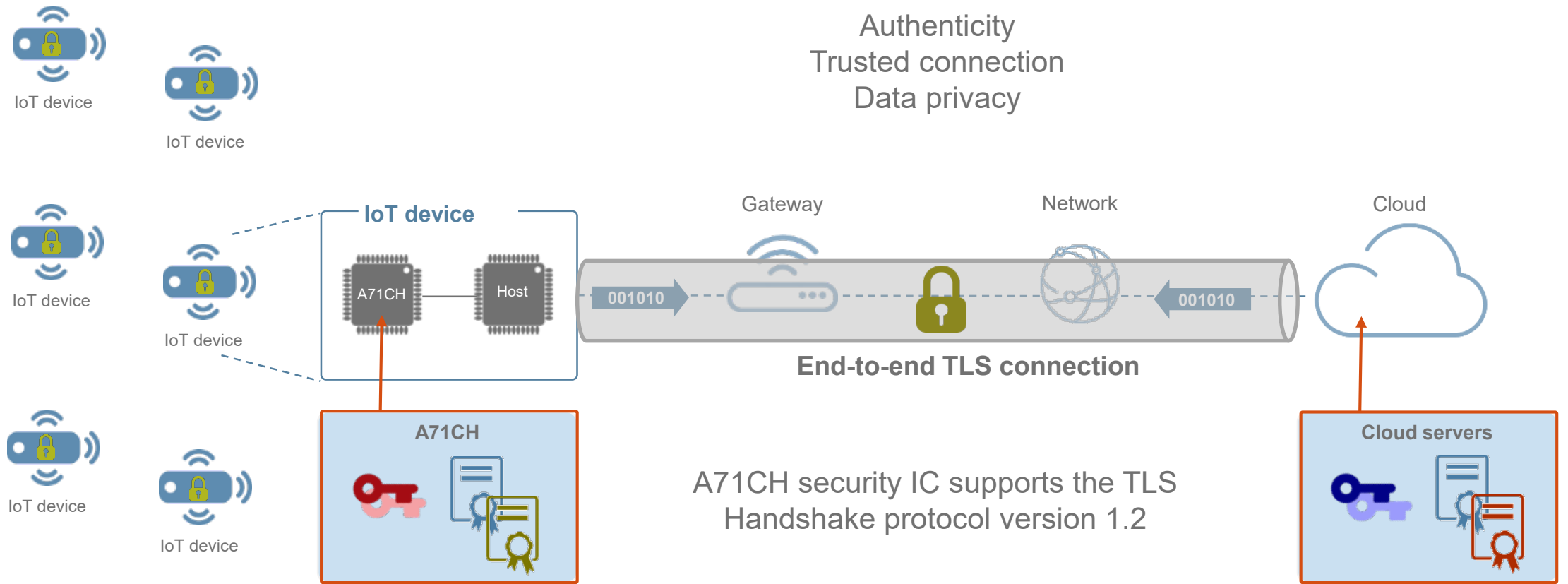
- Secure trust provisioning infrastructure (key injection)
- HW isolation and on-chip tamper resistance (credential protection at rest, at use, at update)
- Integration into SW stacks, NXP MCU/MPU, and Identity management systems of each Cloud

Onboarding flow with Secure Elements & Value Proposition

General overview & Principles

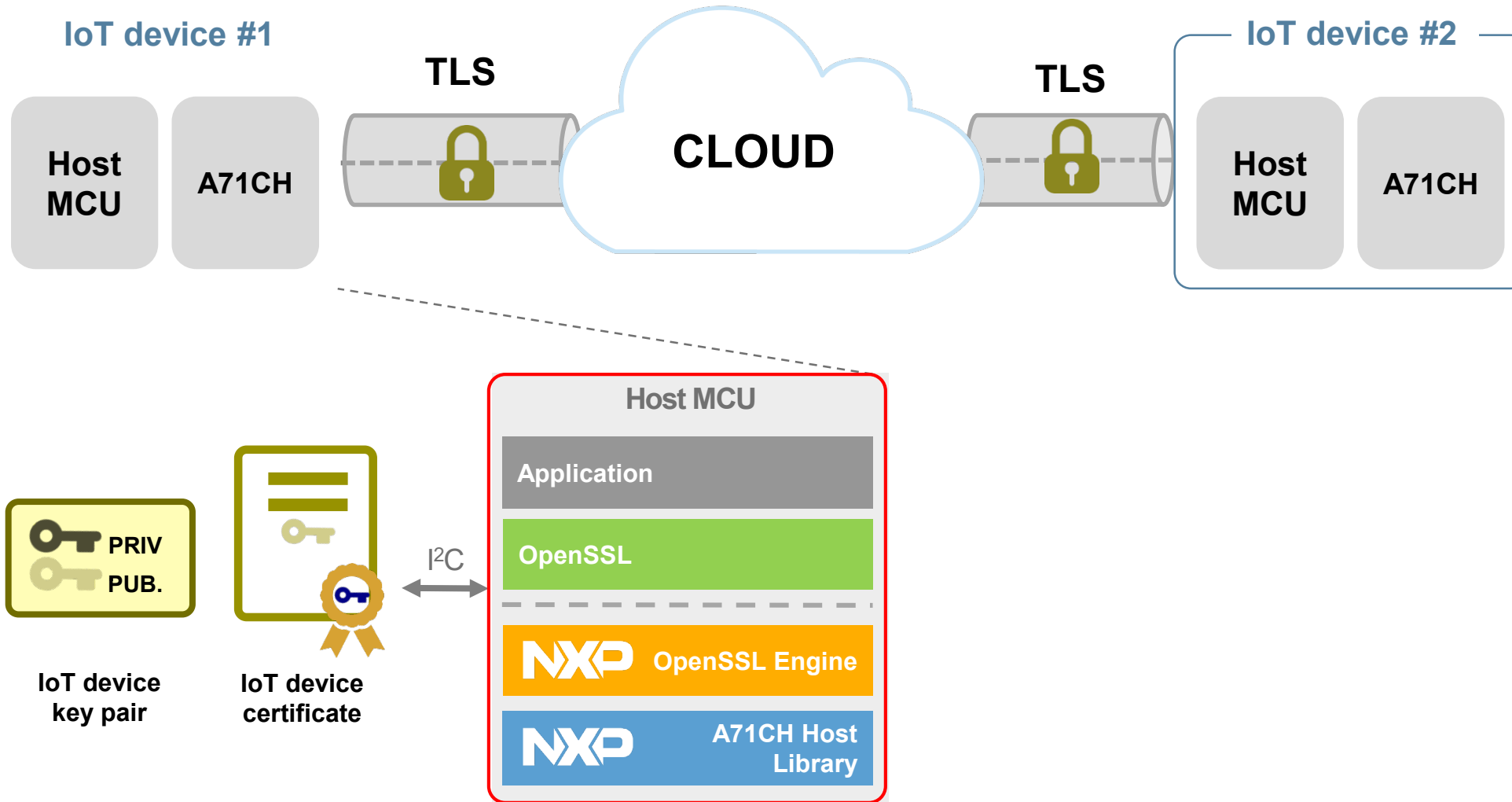


A71CH for secure connection to public or private clouds

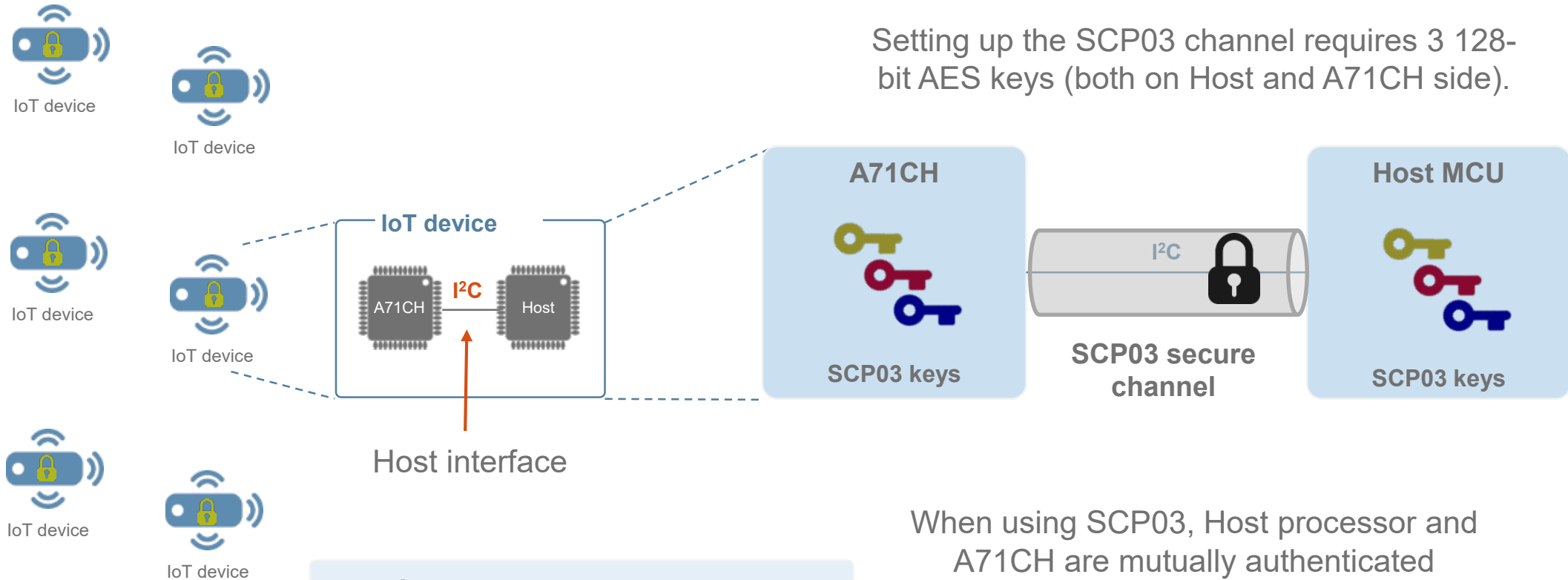


The keys and certificates used to authenticate the cloud connection are securely stored in A71CH
The private keys never leave the device

IoT - TLS Authentication with A71CH



A71CH for encrypted / authenticated interface to host processor

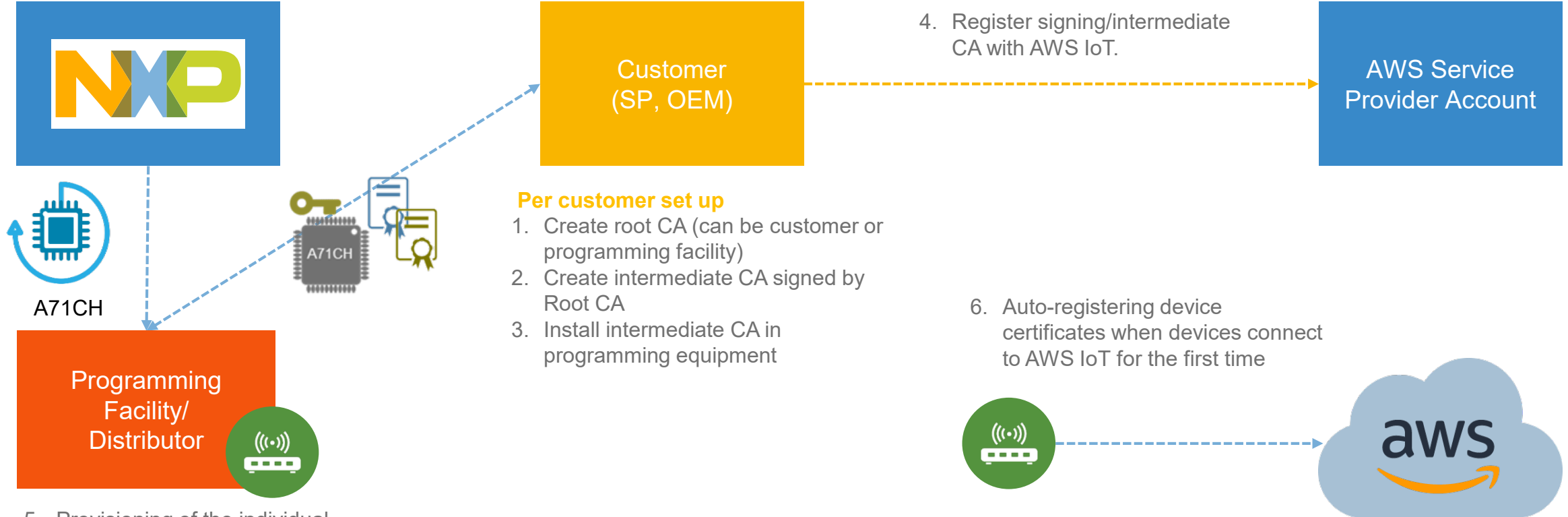


A71CH provides the option to bind the Host processor to the security IC by configuring it to use an SCP03 channel.

Zero-touch Onboarding onto Amazon AWS

Launched in Nov 2016 – A71CH AWS

A scheme based on customer-specific X509 device certificates & Just-in-Time registration



- Per customer set up**
1. Create root CA (can be customer or programming facility)
 2. Create intermediate CA signed by Root CA
 3. Install intermediate CA in programming equipment

5. Provisioning of the individual device certificate signed by customer signing/intermediate certificate and a corresponding device individual key pair

6. Auto-registering device certificates when devices connect to AWS IoT for the first time



Using A71CH for Zero-touch Secure Connections to Watson IoT



NXP products:
A7101CHTK2/T0BC2BJ
A7102CHTK2/T0BC2CJ

Include
die-Individual ECC Keys
x.509 Certificate



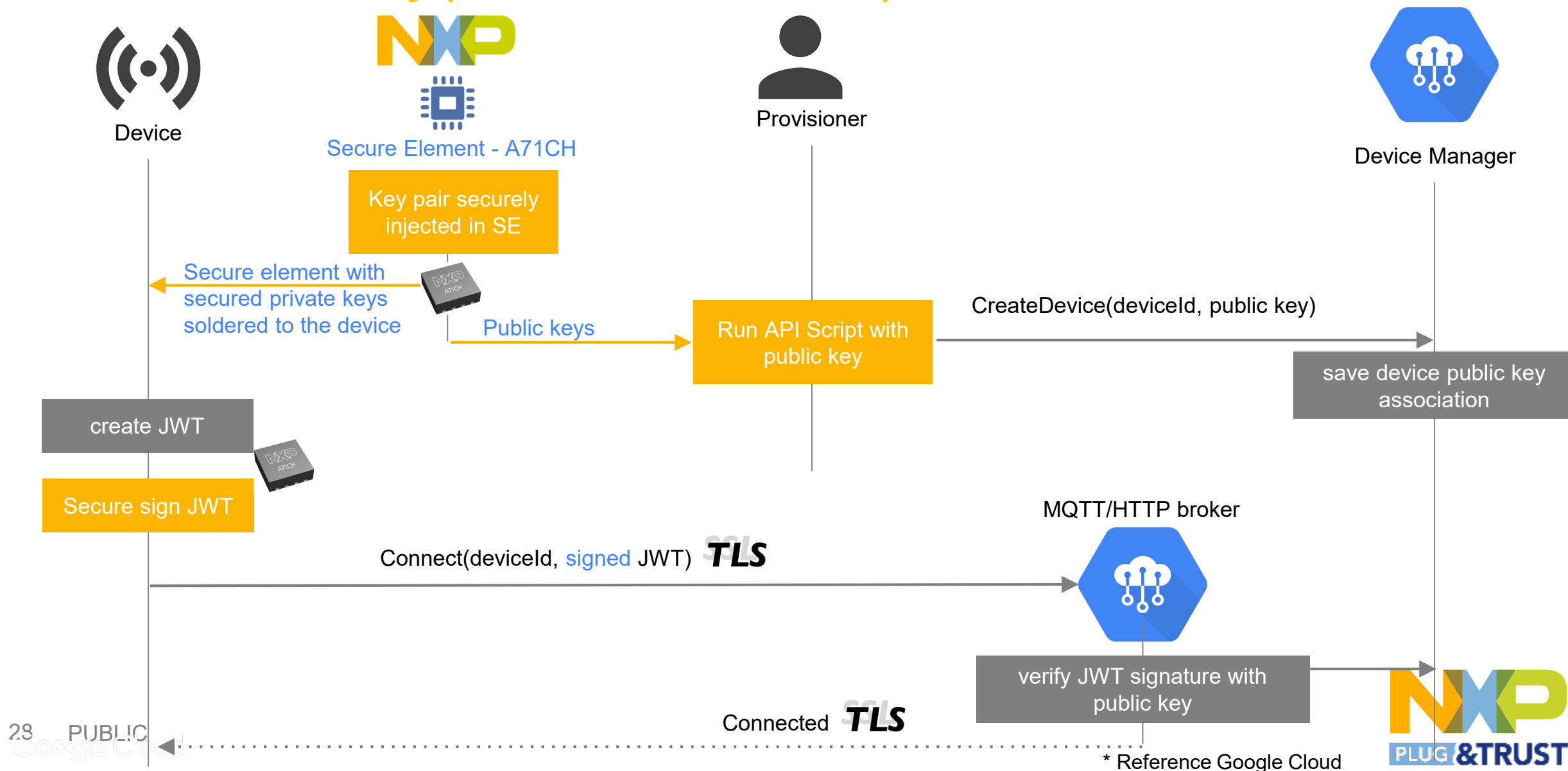
Key Benefits

- ✓ **Secure:** Private keys never leave the device, NXP root of trust (no need to manage any CA)
- ✓ **Convenient:** easy to deploy, enabling devices to connect securely to Watson IoT without management & exposure of keys.
- ✓ **Scalable:** suitable from product introduction phase (low volumes) up to mass production, no MoQ
- ✓ **Cost effective:** No cost of ownership for key management, no stickiness to contract manufacturers.



A71CH secure connect devices to Google Cloud*

Best in class security (hardware root of trust)



Watson IoT device authentication flow

Breakthrough solution scalable for the Mass Market



Product: A71CH provisioned and programmable

NXP NXP is the Root CA



1 Inject Die-Individual ECC Keys #1 and x.509 Certificate #2 signed by NXP Inter CA



Secure delivery of A71CH



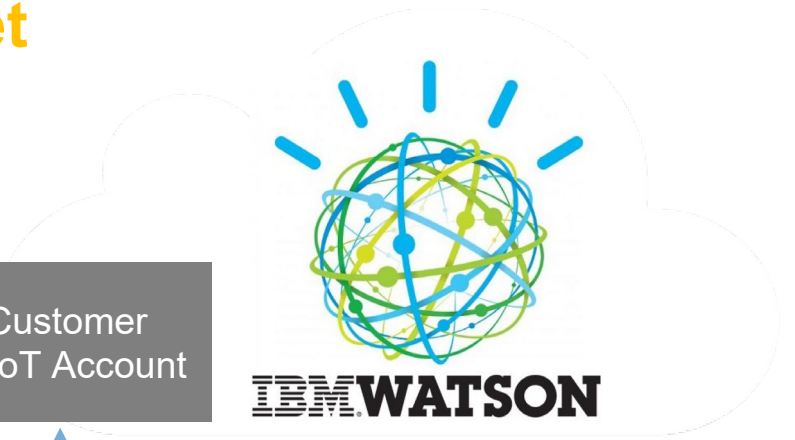
Device manufacturing (CM, ODM, OEM..)

2 Read of A71CH UID

OEM Customer
Watson IoT Account

3 Whitelist Devices UIDs
Register NXP CA Inter CA

OEM Customer



IBM WATSON



4 Device Secure Onboarding
- TLS over MQTT



End Customer



Discovery questions for customer discussion

- What is the use case?
- Which host MCU/MPU controller should be supported (legacy, priority)?
- Which operating system (Linux, Windows)?
- Which connectivity stack is used (OpenSSL, mbedTLS)?
- Which cloud to connect to (priority)?
- Which crypto type (ECC)?
- What kind of keys to be stored? How many of which type?
- Is a secure provisioning of keys required or will it be done at the customer ?
- Specific security standard/qualification/certification of any kind? (e.g. extended temperature range)
- What kind of packaging (HVSON8, WLSCP)?

SECURITY AND STANDARDISATION

Demand on Security through Standardisation and Industrial Initiatives

1 GDPR

The GDPR is **strengthening the rights of individuals** whose personal data is being processed through:

- the need for the individual's **clear consent** to the processing of personal data
- **easier access** by the subject to his personal data
- the **right to rectification**, to erasure and 'to be forgotten'
- the **right to object**, including to the use of personal data for the purposes of 'profiling'
- the **right to data portability** from one service provider to another

No privacy without security by design:

- Secure storage of keys
- Individual device ID
- Secure User Identities
- Secure communication channels



2 Charter of Trust

- Charter of Trust first signed at **Munich Security Conference, February 2018**
- Set the pace for **binding rules and standards** that **build trust** in cybersecurity and **drive forward digitalization** globally
- **12 partners** from different sectors signed the charter of trust, including NXP

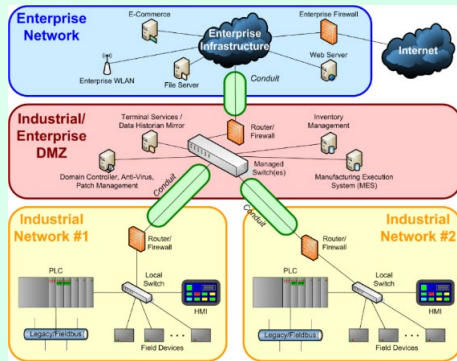
Key principles:

- Ownership for cyber and IT security
- Responsibility throughout the digital supply chain
- Security by default
- User-centricity
- Innovation and co-creation
- Education
- Certification for critical infrastructure and solutions
- Transparency and response
- Regulatory framework
- Joint initiatives



IEC 62443 : Multi-industry standard

PROCESS



Principal Roles

- Product Supplier (PS)
- Integration Provider (IP)
- Asset Owner (AO)
- Asset Operator (AOP)
- Maintenance Provider (MP)
- Service Provider (SP)
- System Operator (SO)
- Regulatory Authority (RA)
- Compliance Authority (CA)

DEVICE

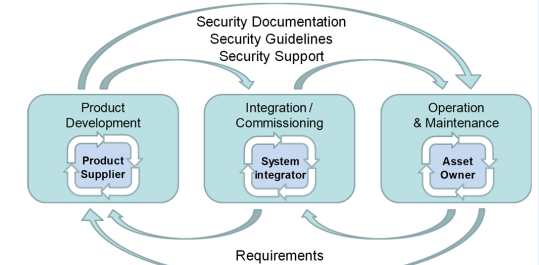


- Principal Roles
- Life Cycles
- Zones and Conduits
- Security Levels
- Maturity Assessment
- Security and Safety

Security and Safety

- Safety is much of the reason for security
 - Presenting consequences
- Much to be learned from the safety community
- Collaboration
 - ISA99-ISA84 joint effort
 - IEC TC65 work group 20
 - ISA Safety and Security Division

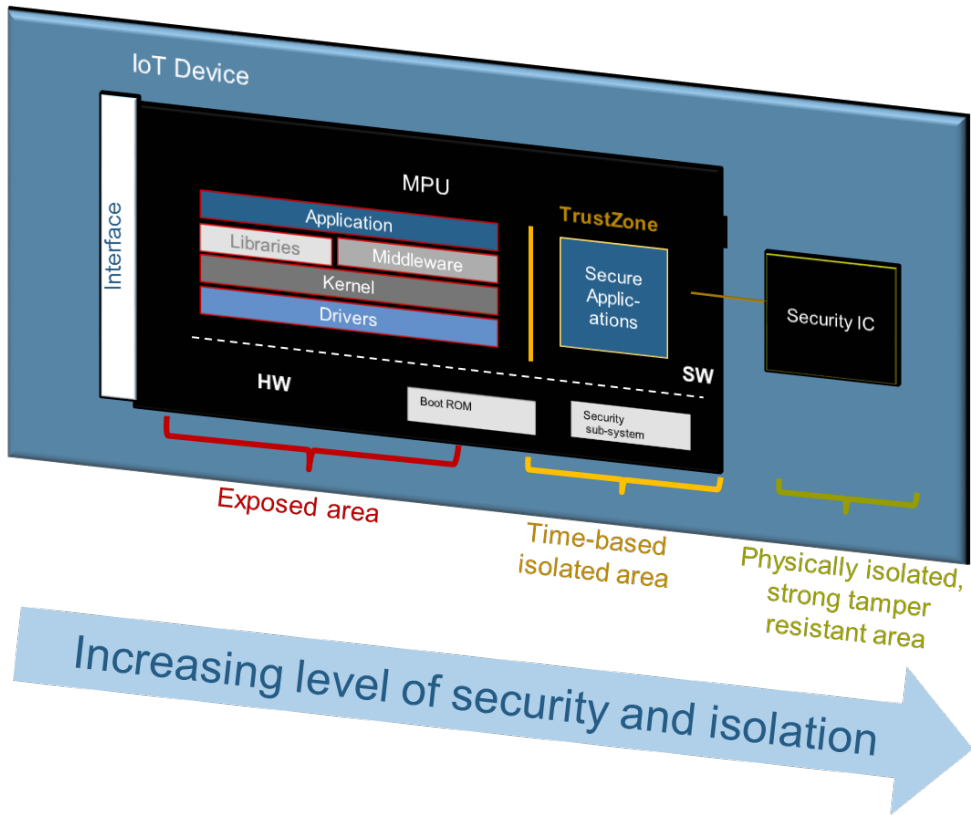
Life Cycles



Security Levels



Protect ASSET : Keys – Secrets the right Secured IoT Device



Security Levels (SL2..SL4)

Physical isolation



Logical isolation

Protection against...

- 4 Intentional Violation Using Sophisticated Means with Extended Resources, IACS Specific Skills & High Motivation
- 3 Intentional Violation Using Sophisticated Means with Moderate Resources, IACS Specific Skills & Moderate Motivation
- 2 Intentional Violation Using Simple Means with Low Resources, Generic Skills & Low Motivation

Want to see a real example?

LOCAL NETWORK
(INTRANET)

Block diagram



What does it show/solve?

provide access to IoT node with with

- Hardware secured mutual authentication with product DESFire light
- MCU architecture integrating SE050, CLRC663-reader board:
 - SE050 takes care DESFire light card is properly authenticated
 - SE050 ensures NDEF content is read from DESFire light and is sent to MCU to be displayed at LCD

Storyline:

- Demo shows traditional 3-step authentication with DESFire card making use of Secure element "SAM subset" functionality
- Example Use Case: traditional access control making use of strong authentication and possibly diversified encryption/decryption key

NXP Components:

- Secure Element: SE050 @ SAM-like functionality applet
- Microcontroller: LPC55S69
- NFC reader: CLRC663 plus
- Contactless transponder: DESFire light card





PLUG & TRUST

**SECURE CONNECTIONS
FOR A SMARTER WORLD**