

## 在 Ubuntu 12.04 上用 LTIB 编译 linux BSP

环境：

PC: VMware Player Ubuntu 12.04 LTS

Linux BSP Source Code: L3.0.35\_4.1.0\_ER\_SOURCE\_BSP

开发板: i.MX6DL-SDP

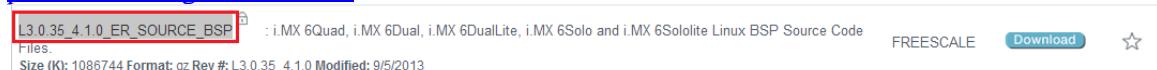
### 一、准备工作：

1、Ubuntu 12.04 LTS 安装（详细步骤这里不再详述，方法在之前文档中有详细介绍）。

2、下载 Linux BSP Source Code 并将其拷贝到 ubuntu 下

下载地址链接为：

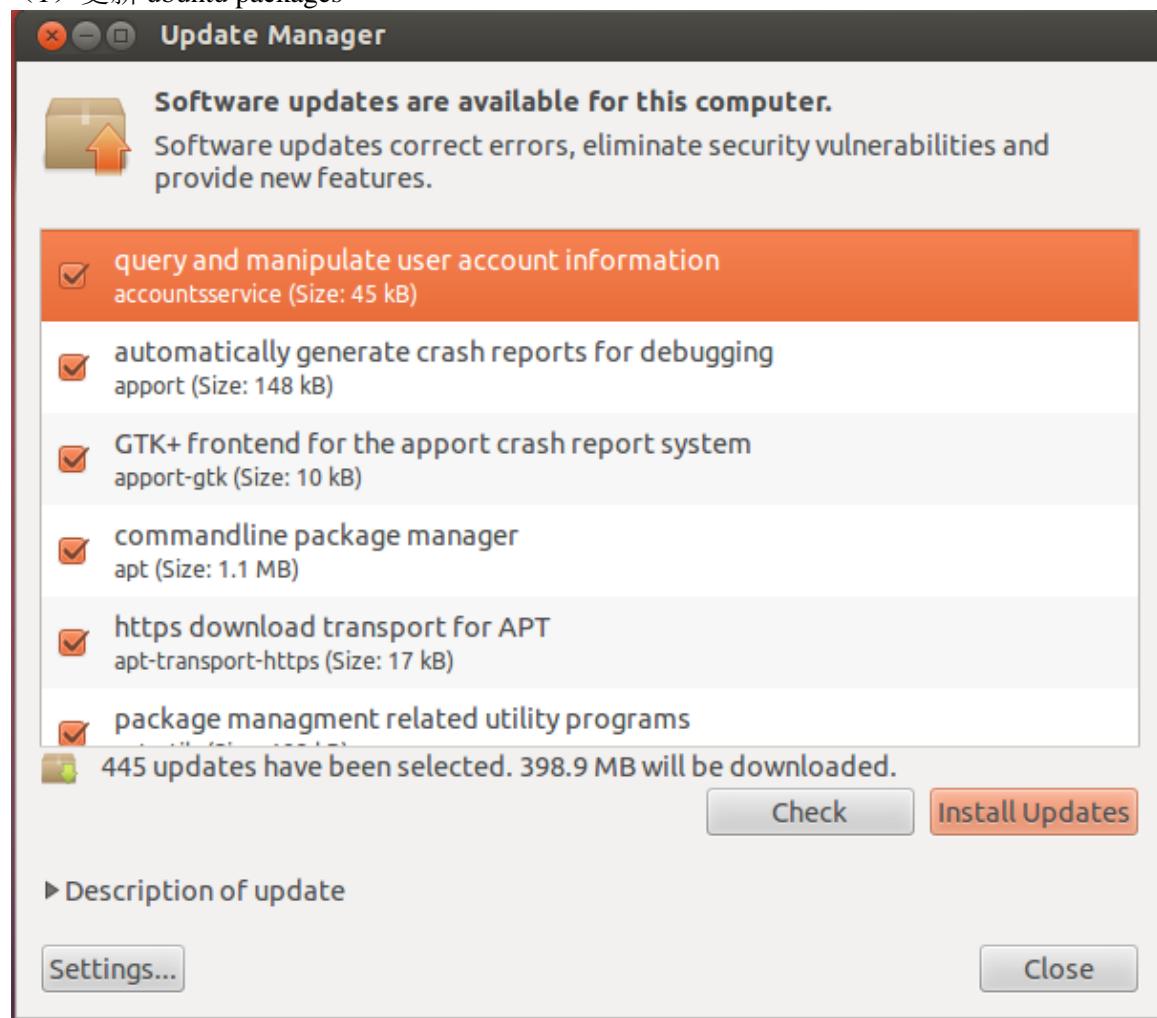
[http://www.freescale.com/webapp/sps/site/prod\\_summary.jsp?code=RDIMX6SABREPLAT&fps\\_p=1&tab=Design\\_Tools\\_Tab](http://www.freescale.com/webapp/sps/site/prod_summary.jsp?code=RDIMX6SABREPLAT&fps_p=1&tab=Design_Tools_Tab)



### 二、编译 Linux BSP

#### 1、设置 linux host 环境

##### (1) 更新 ubuntu packages



(2) Update source list (源很重要，源有问题的话会出现很多错误，建议更新一下)

#sudo cp /etc/apt/sources.list /etc/apt/sources.list.bak (**backup original file**)

#sudo gedit /etc/apt/sources.list

**Delete all item in this file, then copy the following server addresses to it :**

```
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise main restricted
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise main restricted
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates main restricted
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates main restricted
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise universe
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise universe
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates universe
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates universe
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise multiverse
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise multiverse
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates multiverse
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-updates multiverse
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-backports main restricted universe multiverse
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-backports main restricted universe multiverse
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-security main restricted
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-security main restricted
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-security universe
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-security universe
deb http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-security multiverse
deb-src http://mirrors.163.com/ubuntu/ precise-security multiverse
deb http://extras.ubuntu.com/ubuntu precise main
deb-src http://extras.ubuntu.com/ubuntu precise main
```

保存并退出。

运行如下命令来更新 source list:

```
#sudo apt-get update
```

### (3) Sudoers

在命令行窗口输入命令： sudo /usr/sbin/visudo

在User privilege specification

root ALL=(ALL) ALL 后面加入（强调一下 ubuntu 是 username）

ubuntu ALL = NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/rpm, /opt/freescale/lts/usr/bin/rpm

### (4) Install Host Packages Needed by LTIB

```
#!/bin/bash
```

# Install packages needed by LTIB (首先要先安装aptitude : sudo apt-get install aptitude)

```
sudo aptitude -y install gettext libgtk2.0-dev rpm bison m4 libfreetype6-dev
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install libdbus-glib-1-dev liborbit2-dev intltool
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install ccache ncurses-dev zlib1g zlib1g-dev gcc g++ libtool
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install uuid-dev liblzo2-dev
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install tcl dpkg
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install asciidoc texlive-latex-base dblatex xutils-dev
```

```
sudo apt-get install texinfo
```

#### # Packages required for 64-bit Ubuntu

# Do "uname -a" and see if the word "x86\_64" shows up.

```
if uname -a | grep -sq 'x86_64'; then
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install ia32-libs libc6-dev-i386 lib32z1
```

#### # The following recommended for Linux development.

# They are not required by LTIB.

```
sudo aptitude -y install gparted emacs22-nox openssh-server
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install nfs-common nfs-kernel-server lintian
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install git-core git-doc git-email git-gui gitk
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install diffstat indent tofrodos fakeroot doxygen uboot-mkimage
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install sendmail mailutils meld atftpd sharutils
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install manpages-dev manpages-posix manpages-posix-dev linux-doc
```

```
sudo aptitude -y install vnc4server xvnc4viewer
```

## 2、安装并编译

- (1) 移走之前所有安装在/opt/freescale/pkgs下的包。
- (2) 安装 LTIB package, 例如在/home/ubuntu/Desktop/imx6下（这是L3.0.35\_4.1.0\_130816\_source.tar.gz放置的目录

tar zxvf L3.0.35\_4.1.0\_130816\_source.tar.gz -----解压  
进到目录 L3.0.35\_4.1.0\_130816\_source 下执行./install 命令 -----安装  
然后会出现如下：

*You are about to install the LTIB (GNU/Linux Target Image Builder)*

*Before installing LTIB, you must read and accept the EULA  
(End User License Agreement) which will be presented next.*

*Do you want to continue ? Y/n*

**Y**

*Hit enter to continue:*

**FREESCALE SEMICONDUCTOR SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT**

.....  
.....  
.....

*I have read and accept the EULA (yes/no):*

**yes**

*The LTIB files are extracted from a tar file which includes the prefix ltib. After installation you will find LTIB in:*

*/home/ubuntu/Desktop/imx6/L3.0.35\_4.1.0\_130816\_source/ltib*

*Where do you want to install LTIB ? (/home/ubuntu/Desktop/imx6/L3.0.35\_4.1.0\_130816\_source)  
/home/ubuntu/Desktop/ltib ----- 输入你要安装的LTIB 位置，然后回车*

.....  
.....  
.....

*Copying packages to /home/ubuntu/Desktop/ltib/ltib/pkgs*

*Installation complete, your ltib installation has been placed in  
/home/ubuntu/Desktop/ltib/ltib, to complete the installation:*

*cd /home/ubuntu/Desktop/ltib/ltib  
./ltib*

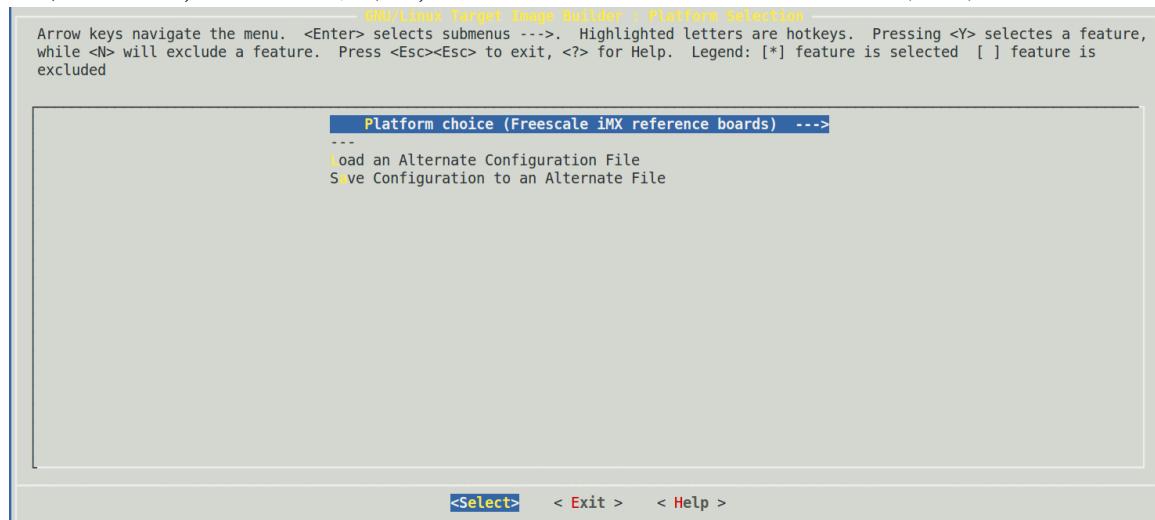
**接着输入命令： cd /home/ubuntu/Desktop/ltib/ltib  
./ltib**

*Installing host support packages.*

*This only needs to be done once per host, but may take up to an hour to complete ...*

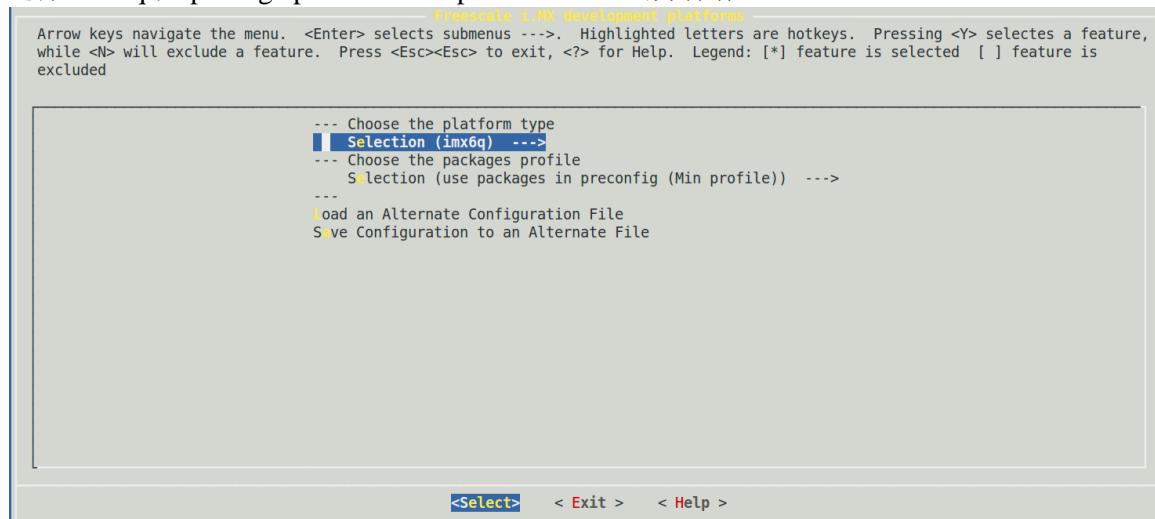
*If an error occurs, a log file with the full output may be found in:  
/home/ubuntu/Desktop/ltib/ltib/host\_config.log*

没有错误的话，会出现如下窗口，Freescale i.MX reference boards 退出并保存。

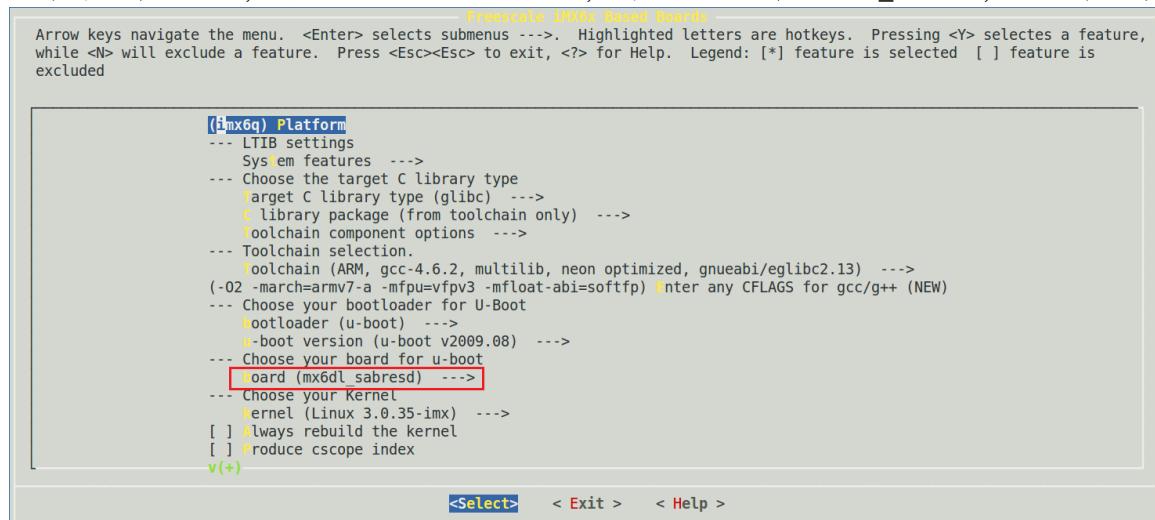


然后出现 i.MX 平台的选择：

选择 imx6q 及 package profile (Min profile)，退出并保存。



接着要选择 u-boot，开发板为 i.MX6DL-SDP，所以这里选择 mx6dl\_sabresd，退出并保存。



出现 failed building busybox，这时候要执行如下操作：

1) 在 /usr/include 下创建一个软链接：

```
sudo ln -s i386-linux-gnu/sys sys
```

2) 修改 ltib/dist/lfs-5.1/base\_libs/base\_libs.spec (注释#部分)

```
...
perl -w -e '
# @ARGV = grep { `file $` =~ m,ASCII C program text, } @ARGV;
# exit (0) unless @ARGV;
```

然后在 ltib 下运行 ./ltib，编译成功，如下图所示：

```
=====
making filesystem image file
staging directory is /home/ubuntu/Desktop/ltib/ltib/rootfs.tmp
removing the boot directory and files
removing man files and directories
removing info files
removing /usr/share/locale directory
removing static libraries
removing target rpm database
stripping binaries and libraries

Filesystem stats, including padding:

Total size          = 44556k
Total number of files = 1611

Your ramdisk exceeds the old default size of 4096k, you may need to
set the command line argument for ramdisk_size in your bootloader
allowing 10% free this gives 49011k . For instance, for u-boot:

setenv bootargs root=/dev/ram rw ramdisk_size=49011

creating an ext2 compressed filesystem image: rootfs.ext2.gz
genext2fs: Running in LTIB backwards compatibility mode: -i -> -N

Started: Tue Feb 11 16:15:52 2014
Ended:   Tue Feb 11 16:22:33 2014
Elapsed: 401 seconds

Build Succeeded

ubuntu@ubuntu-virtual-machine:~/Desktop/ltib/ltib$ █
```

在这里需要注意的是，如果操作系统是 Ubuntu12.04，需要有如下操作才可以成功编译：

A、 sudo apt-get install texinfo

B、 modify ltib/dist/lfs-5.1/base\_libs/base\_libs.spec.

```
...
perl -w -e '
# @ARGV = grep { `file $` =~ m,ASCII C program text, } @ARGV;
# exit (0) unless @ARGV'
```

成功编译以后， kernel image 和 U-Boot images 就在rootfs/boot/下面了。

参考文档：

- 1、i.MX\_6Solo6DualLite\_SABRE-SDP\_Linux\_User's\_Guide.pdf
- 2、i.MX\_6Solo6DualLite\_SABRE-SDP\_Linux\_Release\_Notes.pdf
- 3、Setting\_Up\_LTIB\_host.pdf

