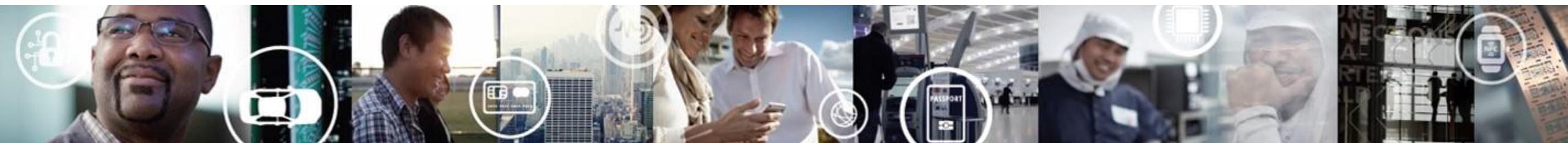


Docker On i.MX8QXP With ARM Ubuntu

CAS Team

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EXTERNAL USE



SECURE CONNECTIONS
FOR A SMARTER WORLD

STEPS

- Create Basic Ubuntu rootfs
- Install Docker
- Modified the Kernel Configuration
- Create Docker Demo SDCard Image
- Test Docker

CREATE BASIC UBUNTU ROOTFS



Host preparation

- To Install xenial(16.04), please make sure the host ubuntu OS version is not lower than xenial(16.04)
- Install the necessary software
 - sudo apt-get install qemu-user-static debootstrap binfmt-support
- workspace
 - mkdir ~/workspace
 - mkdir -p ~/workspace/mnt # For mount
 - prepare L4.14.98 Linux source code in the workspace
 - prepare the L4.14.98 GA Linux Binary Demo image in the workspace

```
workspace/
|-- fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcard --- L4.14.98 GA Linux Binary Demo image
|-- linux-imx  --- L4.14.98 Linux source code
`-- mnt
```

Debootstrap to create ARM64(aarch64) rootfs

```
distro=xenial
arch=arm64
target=rootfs_${distro}_${arch}
mkdir ${target}

sudo debootstrap --arch=${arch} --foreign ${distro} ${target}

# copy qemu-aarch64-static binary and
# copy resolv.conf from host to target
sudo cp /usr/bin/qemu-aarch64-static ${target}/usr/bin
sudo cp /etc/resolv.conf ${target}/etc/
#sudo chroot rootfs_xenial_arm64
sudo chroot ${target}

# now we are in the chroot
distro=xenial
arch=arm64

export LANG=en_US.UTF-8
export LC_ALL=C.UTF-8
```

setup second stage
/debootstrap/debootstrap --second-stage

Now we have very basic ubuntu rootfs

#Optional but suggest

apt-get install openssh-server vim ntpdate

exit

workspace/
|-- fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcard
|-- linux-imx
|-- mnt
`-- **rootfs_xenial_arm64**

Modify the ARM64(aarch64) rootfs

The following can do in “`sudo chroot ${target}`”

Also can be done from host side, but need `sudo` like “`sudo vim`”

`${target}/etc/apt/sources.list`

```
deb http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports xenial-updates main restricted universe multiverse
deb http://ports.ubuntu.com/ubuntu-ports xenial main restricted universe multiverse
```

`${target}/etc/fstab`

```
/dev/root      /      auto      defaults    1  1
```

`${target}/etc/hostname`

`xenial-arm64` `#${distro}-${arch}`

`${target}/etc/hosts`

```
127.0.0.1      localhost xenial-arm64
```

`${target}/etc/network/interfaces`

```
source-directory /etc/network/interfaces.d
iface eth0 inet dhcp
auto eth0
```

Note: `xenial-arm64` is from `/etc/hostname`

Modify the ARM64(aarch64) rootfs (Cont.)

Make sure we are still in “sudo chroot \${target}”

```
sudo chroot ${target}  
export LANG=en_US.UTF-8  
export LC_ALL=C.UTF-8
```

```
useradd user -g sudo -m  
# add to tty group for tty access  
usermod -a -G tty user  
# add to dialout group for UART access  
usermod -a -G dialout user  
# add to sudo group for root access  
usermod -a -G sudo user  
# Set root password  
passwd  
# Set user password  
passwd user
```

```
# Followings are optional  
locale-gen en_US.UTF-8  
localectl set-locale LANG=en_US.UTF-8  
localectl set-locale LC_ALL=C.UTF-8
```

INSTALL DOCKER



Reference Document

<https://docs.docker.com/install/linux/docker-ce/ubuntu/>

Docker Installation

Make sure we are still in “sudo chroot \${target}”

```
sudo chroot ${target}  
export LANG=en_US.UTF-8  
export LC_ALL=C.UTF-8
```

```
apt-get update  
apt-get install -y libltdl7 libseccomp2  
apt-get install -y apt-transport-https ca-certificates curl gnupg-agent software-properties-common
```

```
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add –  
apt-key fingerprint 0EBFCD88
```

```
add-apt-repository "deb [arch=arm64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu $(lsb_release -cs) stable"  
apt-get update  
apt-get install -y docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io
```

```
exit
```

After ARM side installation is finished, \${target}/usr/bin/qemu-aarch64-static can be deleted.

Post-installation(optional)

Make sure we are still in “sudo chroot \${target}”

```
groupadd docker  
usermod -a -G docker user
```

```
apt-get clean
```

After ARM side installation is finished, \${target}/usr/bin/qemu-aarch64-static can be deleted.

MODIFIED THE KERNEL CONFIGURATION



Docker Linux Kernel Configuration Generally Necessary

CONFIG_NAMESPACES	CONFIG_BRIDGE
CONFIG_NET_NS	CONFIG_BRIDGE_NETFILTER
CONFIG_PID_NS	CONFIG_NF_NAT_IPV4
CONFIG_IPC_NS	CONFIG_IP_NF_FILTER
CONFIG_UTS_NS	CONFIG_IP_NF_TARGET_MASQUERADE
CONFIG_CGROUPS	CONFIG_NETFILTER_XT_MATCH_ADDRTYPE
CONFIG_CGROUP_CPUACCT	CONFIG_NETFILTER_XT_MATCH_CONNTRACK
CONFIG_CGROUP_DEVICE	CONFIG_NETFILTER_XT_MATCH_IPVS
CONFIG_CGROUP_FREEZER	CONFIG_IP_NF_NAT
CONFIG_CGROUP_SCHED	CONFIG_NF_NAT
CONFIG_CPUSETS	CONFIG_NF_NAT_NEEDED
CONFIG_MEMCG	CONFIG_POSIX_MQUEUE
CONFIG_KEYS	
CONFIG_VETH	

Docker Linux Kernel Configuration Optional Features

CONFIG_USER_NS
CONFIG_SECCOMP
CONFIG_CGROUP_PIDS
CONFIG_MEMCG_SWAP
CONFIG_MEMCG_SWAP_ENABLED boot option
"swapaccount=1"
CONFIG_LEGACY_VSYSCALL_EMULATE
CONFIG_MEMCG_KMEM
CONFIG_BLK_CGROUP
CONFIG_BLK_DEV_THROTTLING
CONFIG_IOSCHED_CFQ
CONFIG_CFQ_GROUP_IOSCHED
CONFIG_CGROUP_PERF
CONFIG_CGROUP_HUGETLB

CONFIG_CGROUP_HUGETLB
CONFIG_NET_CLS_CGROUP
CONFIG_CGROUP_NET_PRIO
CONFIG_CFS_BANDWIDTH
CONFIG_FAIR_GROUP_SCHED
CONFIG_RT_GROUP_SCHED
CONFIG_IP_NF_TARGET_REDIRECT
CONFIG_IP_VS
CONFIG_IP_VS_NFCT
CONFIG_IP_VS_PROTO_TCP
CONFIG_IP_VS_PROTO_UDP
CONFIG_IP_VS_RR
CONFIG_EXT4_FS
CONFIG_EXT4_FS_POSIX_ACL
CONFIG_EXT4_FS_SECURITY

Docker Linux Kernel Configuration Network Drivers

"overlay":

CONFIG_VXLAN
CONFIG_BRIDGE_VLAN_FILTERING
Optional (for encrypted networks):
CONFIG_CRYPTO
CONFIG_CRYPTO_AEAD
CONFIG_CRYPTO_GCM
CONFIG_CRYPTO_SEQIV
CONFIG_CRYPTO_GHASH
CONFIG_XFRM_XFRM_USER
CONFIG_XFRM_ALGO
CONFIG_INET_ESP
CONFIG_INET_XFRM_MODE_TRANSPORT

"ipvlan":

CONFIG_IPVLAN

"macvlan":

CONFIG_MACVLAN
CONFIG_DUMMY

"ftp,tftp client in container":

CONFIG_NF_NAT_FTP
CONFIG_NF_CONNTRACK_FTP
CONFIG_NF_NAT_TFTP
CONFIG_NF_CONNTRACK_TFTP

Docker Linux Kernel Configuration Storage Drivers

```
"aufs":  
  CONFIG_AUFS_FS  
"btrfs":  
  CONFIG_BTRFS_FS  
  CONFIG_BTRFS_FS_POSIX_ACL  
"devicemapper":  
  CONFIG_BLK_DEV_DM  
  CONFIG_DM_THIN_PROVISIONING  
"overlay":  
  CONFIG_OVERLAY_FS
```

Modified the Kernel configuration

Just for reference:

During kernel reconfiguration process, it's possible that your kernel is still missing modules that are required for docker to function properly; you can try running below script to see what's missing:

<https://github.com/docker/docker/blob/master/contrib/check-config.sh>

After modification of the kernel configuration, user can use check_config.sh to check your kernel configuration file, see if there is missing on the **general necessary** options.

```
chmod +x check-config.sh  
dos2unix check-config.sh
```

```
source /opt/fsl-imx-wayland/4.14-sumo/environment-setup-aarch64-poky-linux
```

```
make defconfig -C linux-imx  
../check-config.sh linux-imx/.config
```

```
workspace/  
|-- check-config.sh  
|-- fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcard  
|-- linux-imx  
|-- mnt  
`-- rootfs_xenial_arm64
```

Please ignore CONFIG_DEVPTS_MULTIPLE_INSTANCES Missing

Modified the Kernel configuration(Cont.)

L4.14.98 GA, Need to especially enable:

CONFIG_CGROUP_FREEZER

CONFIG_NETFILTER_XT_MATCH_IPVS(**with CONFIG_IP_VS**)

```
source /opt/fsl-imx-wayland/4.14-sumo/environment-setup-aarch64-poky-linux  
make defconfig -C linux-imx  
make menuconfig -C linux-imx
```

Note: After modification of the kernel configuration. Can use the make savedefconfig to generate the new default configuration and replace the arch/arm64/configs/defconfig

```
make savedefconfig -C linux-imx
```

```
cp linux-imx/defconfig linux-imx/arch/arm64/configs/defconfig
```

GENERATE KERNEL/MODULES AND INSTALL KERNEL/MODULES



Generate Kernel/modules and Install modules

```
distro=xenial  
arch=arm64  
target=rootfs_${distro}_${arch}  
make defconfig -C linux-imx  
LDFLAGS="" CC="$CC" make -j8 Image modules -C linux-imx
```

```
workspace/  
|-- fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcard  
|-- linux-imx  
|-- mnt  
`-- rootfs_xenial_arm64
```

Now, we have new kernel Image and modules

```
sudo make modules_install INSTALL_MOD_PATH=$(pwd)/${target} ARCH=arm64 LDFLAGS="" -C linux-imx
```

INSTALL_MOD_PATH needs FULL path

Note: distro=xenial

arch=arm64

`${target} → target=rootfs_${distro}_${arch}`
 `→ rootf_xenial_arm64`

CREATE DOCKER DEMO SD CARD IMAGE



Backup security

```
sudo kpartx -av fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmek.sdcard
```

```
sudo mount /dev/mapper/loop0p2 mnt/
```

```
sudo cp mnt/etc/security . && sync
```

```
sudo umount mnt
```

```
sudo kpartx -d fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmek.sdcard
```

Resize SDCard rootfs partition

```
truncate -s 7G fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcardsudo parted fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcards unit MiB printModel: (file)Disk fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcards: 7168MiBSector size (logical/physical): 512B/512BPartition Table: msdosDisk Flags:
```

Number	Start	End	Size	Type	File system	Flags
1	8.00MiB	72.0MiB	64.0MiB	primary	fat16	lba
2	72.0MiB	2008MiB	1936MiB	primary	ext4	

```
sudo parted fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcards resizepart 2 7160MiBsudo parted fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcards unit MiB printModel: (file)Disk fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcards: 7168MiBSector size (logical/physical): 512B/512BPartition Table: msdosDisk Flags:
```

Number	Start	End	Size	Type	File system	Flags
1	8.00MiB	72.0MiB	64.0MiB	primary	fat16	lba
2	72.0MiB	7160MiB	7088MiB	primary	ext4	

```
sudo kpartx -av fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcardsudo e2fsck -f /dev/mapper/loop0p2sudo resize2fs /dev/mapper/loop0p2sudo kpartx -d fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcards
```

Now the rootfs is resized to 7160M.
Note: The operations could be done on a “real” sdcards.

Replace with Ubuntu Rootfs and update Linux Kernel Image

```
sudo kpartx -av fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcard
```

```
sudo mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/loop0p2  
sudo mount /dev/mapper/loop0p2 mnt/  
sudo cp -rf ${target}/* mnt/  
sudo cp -rf securetty mnt/etc/  
sudo umount mnt
```

```
sudo mount /dev/mapper/loop0p1 mnt/  
sudo cp -rf linux-imx/arch/arm64/boot/Image mnt/  
sudo umount mnt
```

```
sudo kpartx -d fsl-image-validation-imx-imx8qxpmeek.sdcard
```

Done!

Use Linux dd command or windows win32diskimager to burn to SDCard for test.

CREATE DOCKER DEMO SD CARD IMAGE



Test Docker

Boot the board and connect the ethernet and make sure the board can access internet.

```
docker pull hello-world  
docker run hello-world
```

```
docker run -it ubuntu bash
```

Test Docker(Cont.)

```
COM3:115200baud - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window KanjiCode Help

root@xenial-arm64:~# docker ps
CONTAINER ID        IMAGE               COMMAND             CREATED            STATUS              PORTS
56b54c57ea68        ubuntu              "bash"              58 seconds ago    Up 53 seconds
8cf9a1327fd7        ubuntu              "bash"              About a minute ago   Up About a minute
f5564aa80bce        ubuntu              "bash"              5 minutes ago     Up 5 minutes
root@xenial-arm64:~# 

root@8cf9a1327fd7:/
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

Last login: Mon Sep 23 07:18:06 2019 from 10.192.253.79
$ sudo su
sudo: /usr/bin/sudo must be owned by uid 0 and have the setuid bit set
$ su
Password:
su: Authentication failure
$ 
docker run -it ubuntu bash$
root@8cf9a1327fd7:#/ 

root@f5564aa80bce:/
login as: user
user@10.192.245.146's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.14.98 aarch64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com/

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

$ 
docker run -it ubuntu bash$
root@f5564aa80bce:/# 

root@56b54c57ea68:/
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.14.98 aarch64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com/

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

Last login: Mon Sep 23 07:21:31 2019 from 10.192.253.79
$ 
$ 
docker run -it ubuntu bash$
root@56b54c57ea68:/# 
```



SECURE CONNECTIONS
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