



From Head to Sole – Freescale Solutions for the Wearables Market FTF-HCW-F1122

Donnie Garcia | Kinetis MCU Marketing Robert Thompson | i.MX Ecosystem Architect

JUNE.2015







Agenda

- Diverse Usage Models of Wearable Tech
- Freescale Product Offerings to Address Wearables
- Overview of the Challenges of Wearable Design
- Freescale and Partner Hardware Designs
- SW Development Environment
 - Kinetis MCUs
 - i.MX applications processors
- Resource Summary





Diverse Usage Models of Wearable Tech



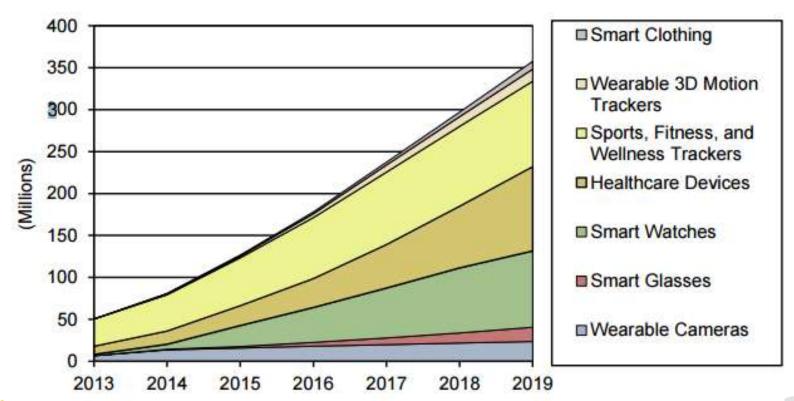




Wearable Market Forecast: Why Are We Here?

By 2019

- 455M devices generating \$46.5B
- Healthcare devices biggest category 121 M units
- Smartwatches generate the most revenue, \$21B





Wearables... One Size Does Not Fit All













Wearables...A Diverse Market

Vertical	Categories
Fitness & Wellness	Sports & Heart Rate Monitors Pedometers, Activity Monitors Smart Sport Glasses Smart Clothing Sleep Monitors Emotional Measurements
Healthcare & Medical	CGM (Continuous Glucose Monitoring) ECG Monitoring Pulse Oximetry Blood Pressure Monitors Drug Delivery (Insulin Pumps) Wearable Patches (ECG, HRM, SpO2)
Infotainment	Smart Watches Augmented Reality Headsets Smart Glasses Wearable Imaging Devices
Industrial & Military	Hand-worn Terminals Augmented Reality Headsets Smart Clothing





Data Collection

- How long has this machine been working?
- What is its efficiency percentage?
- When will one of its parts break/need replacing?

- How long has the employee been working?
- What is their efficiency percentage?
- How fatigued are they?







Industrial & Military...Large Wearable Opportunities









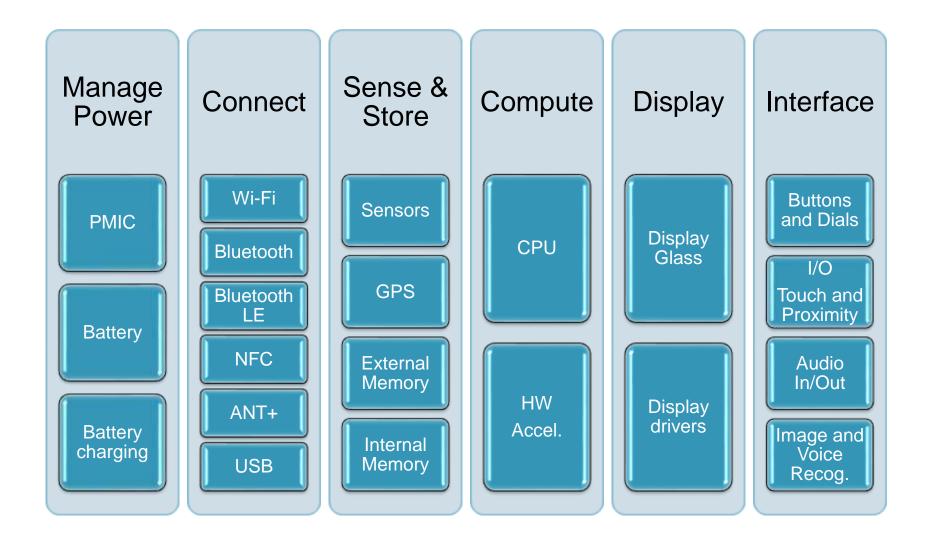
Freescale Product Offerings to Address Wearables







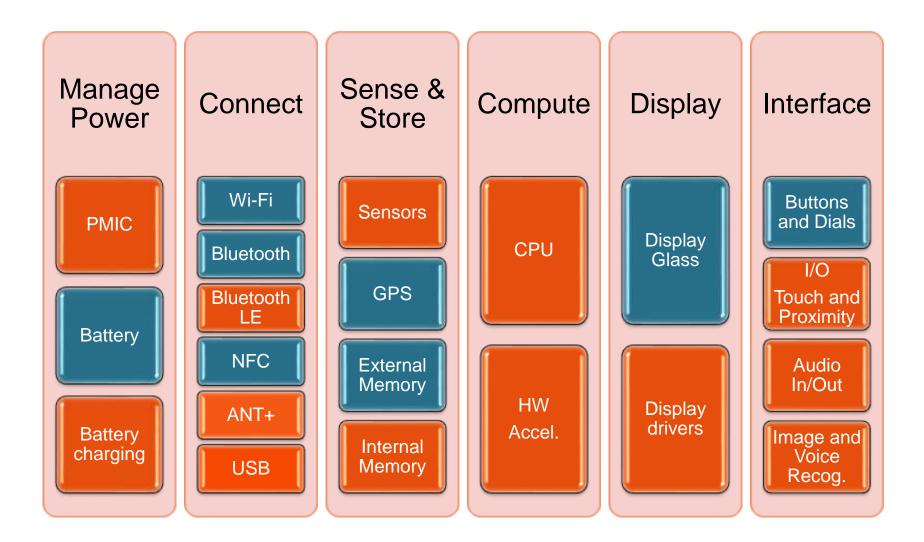
Wearable Blocks







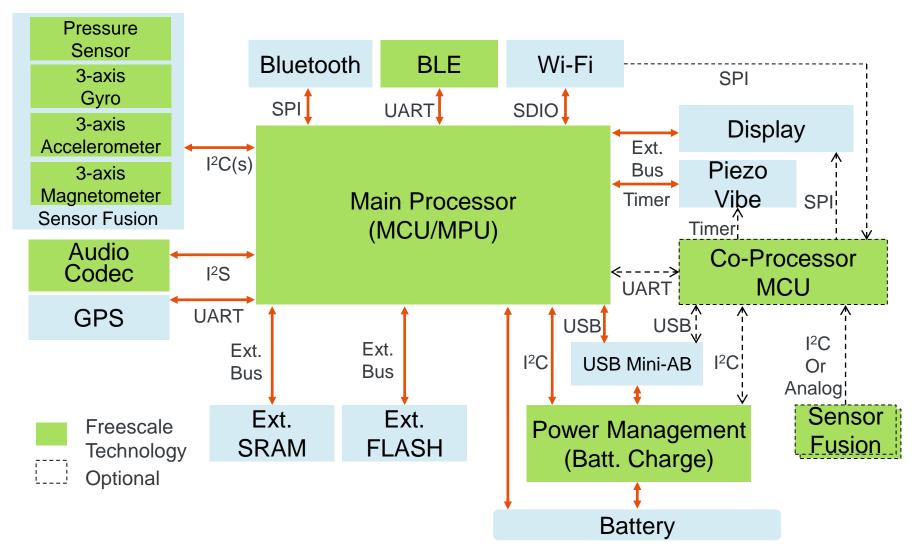
Wearable Blocks: Freescale Solutions







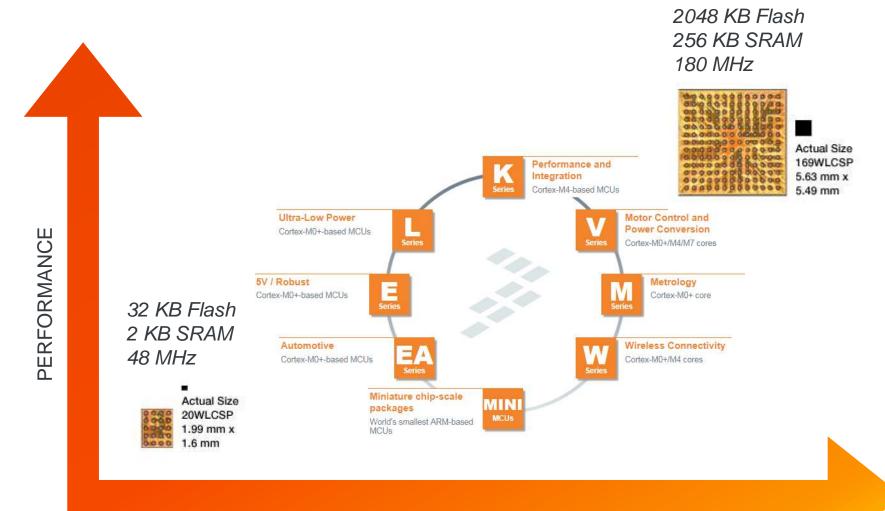
Wearable Internet Thing Functional Diagram







Kinetis MCU Portfolio - >1000 Product Variants

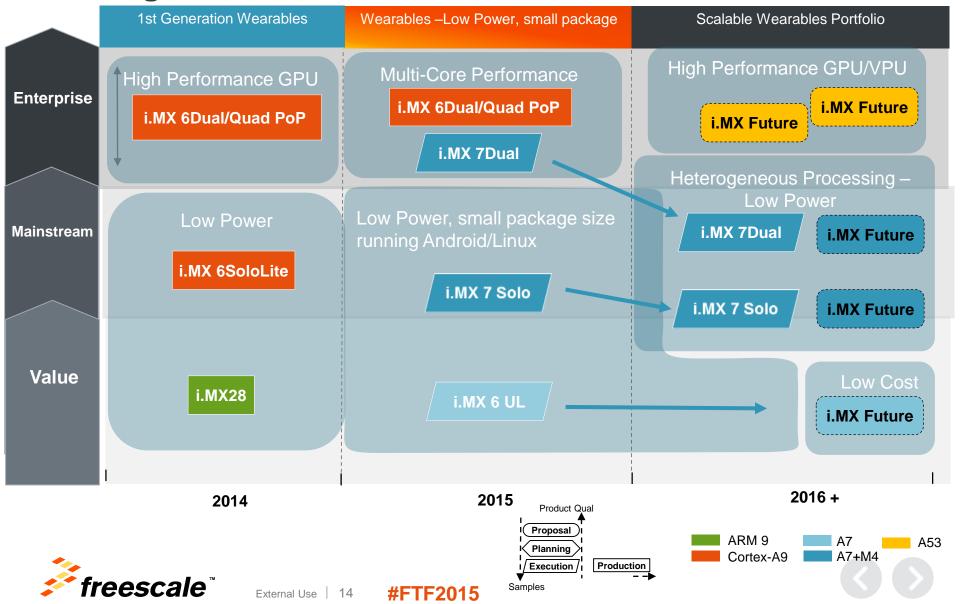


MEMORY INTEGRATION





i.MX Applications Processor Wearables Roadmap/Market Coverage

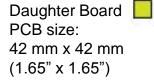


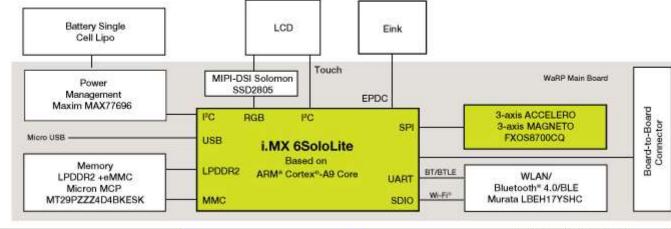
WaRP Block Diagram

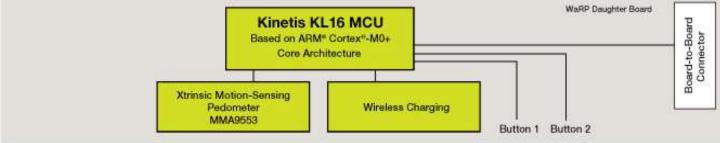
Main Board PCB size: 38 mm x 16 mm (1.4"x 0.6")











Freescale Technology

Designed to be able to productize





Overview of the Challenges of Wearable Design







Size Constraints

Sense and Interface

Power Management

Connectivity

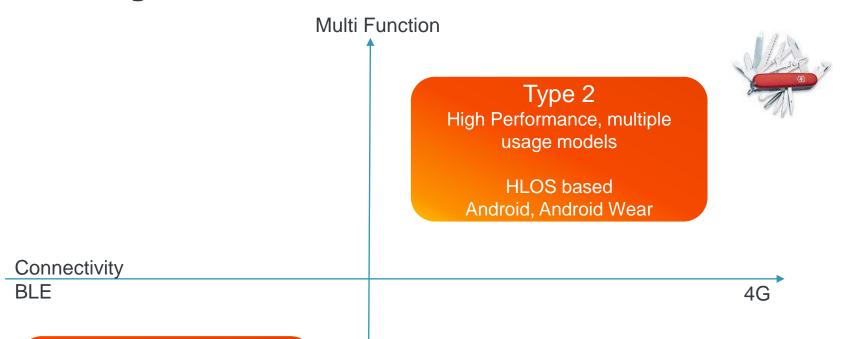
Security







Market Segmentation



Type 1
Always On, specific usage

RTOS based ThreadX, Free RTOS



Fixed Purpose





MCU vs. MPU: Approaching the Design

Activity Tracker	Smart Watch			
 MCU performs all functions Integrated memory & PM Standard Batteries 	 SoC specific functions Advanced memory & displays Discrete PMIC Combo RF modules Rechargeable batteries 			
MCU Up Approach	System Level Down Approach			

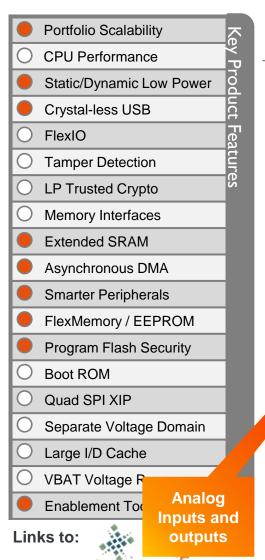


Learn More:

Kinetis K64F/K24F

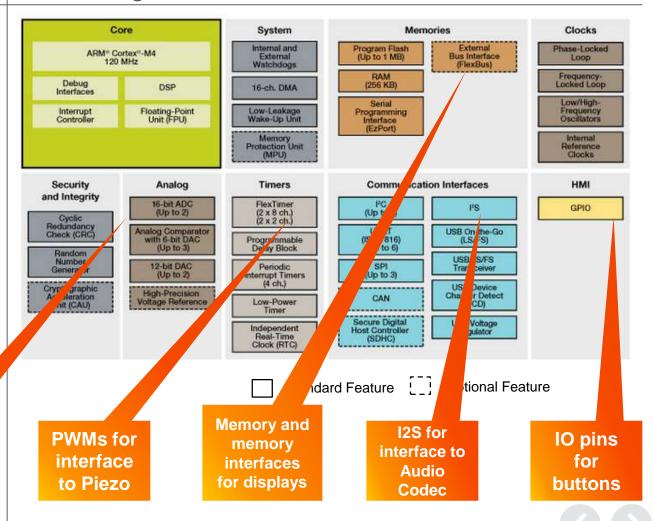
(up to 1 MB Flash)





freescale

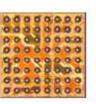
Block Diagram

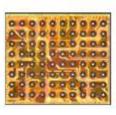


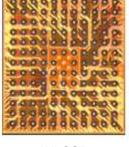
Kinetis WLCSP – SIZE CONSTRAINTS

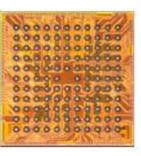
K Series (Cortex-M4)

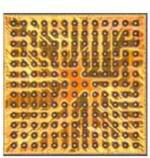


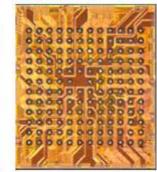












49WLCSP 2.92 x 3.14 mm 3.35 x 3.32 mm 4.12 x 3.55 mm

64WLCSP

80WLCSP

142WLCSP 4.83 x 5.58 mm

120WLCSP 5.29 x 5.28 mm

169WLCSP 5.63 x 5.49 mm

143WLCSP 6.44 x 5.55 mm

L Series (Cortex-M0+)



20WLCSP 1.99 x 1.6 mm



20WLCSP 1.99 x 1.94 mm



36WLCSP 2.37 x 2.46 mm



35WLCSP 2.53 x 2.98 mm

Refer to Technical Documentation





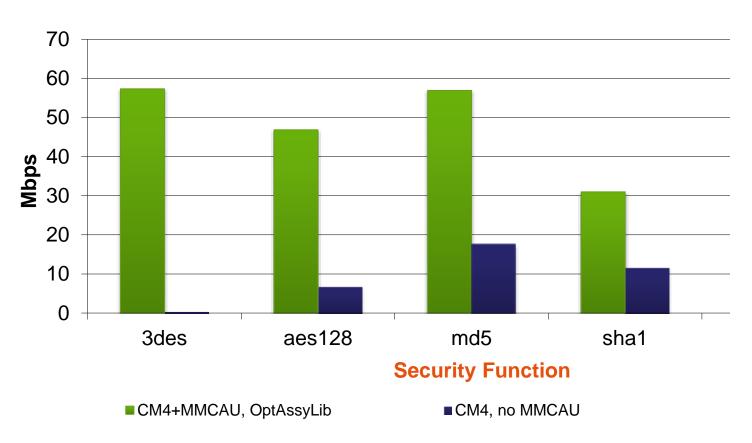
Kinetis L Power Consumption – POWER MANAGEMENT

Core Mode	Device mode	CPU/BUS Frequency	Description	Peripheral Clocks	Typical IDD @3V, 25C	Recovery Time
Run	RUN	48/24 MHz		Enabled	5.62mA (117uA/MHz)	-
		48/24 MHz	Full speed RUN mode with specified CPU/BUS frequency, flash cache enabled, clocked by 48MHz IRC, with Compute mode and peripheral clocks on/off options	Disabled	4.04mA (84uA/MHz)	-
		48/- MHz	olooked by 40km/2 mee, wan compute mode and peripricial olooke of form options	Compute Mode*	3.39mA (70uA/MHz)	•
		24/24 MHz		Disabled	2.99mA	-
	VLPR	4/1 MHz		Enabled	329uA (82uA/MHz)	-
		4/1 MHz	Very Low Power RUN mode with specified CPU/BUS frequency, flash cache enabled,	Disabled	253uA (63uA/MHz)	-
		4/- MHz	clocked by 8/2MHz IRC, with Compute mode and peripheral clocks on/off options	Compute Mode	229uA (57uA/MHz)	-
		2/- MHz		Compute Mode	101uA (50uA/MHz)	-
Sleep	WAIT	48/24 MHz	Full CPU/BUS frequency with CPU in SLEEP mode	Disabled	1.79mA	-
Cicop	VLPW	4/1 MHz	Restricted CPU/BUS frequency with CPU in SLEEP mode	Disabled	218uA	-
	STOP	OFF	MCU in static state with full retention, CPU clock is off, energy-saving peripherals functional with Asynchronous DMA, Asynchronous Wake-up Interrupt Controller detects wake-up source for CPU, LVD ON	OFF	160uA	7.5us
	VLPS	OFF	Same as STOP with LVD OFF, lowest mode with ADC and pin interrupt functional	OFF	2.09uA	7.5us
Deep Sleep	LLS	OFF	MCU in low-leakage state with full retention, Low Leakage Wake-up Unit detects wake-up source, lowest mode with full RAM and I/O retention and fast wake-up, Asynchronous DMA in static state	OFF	1.58uA	7.5us
	VLLS3	OFF	Similar to LLS mode with wake-up following reset flow	OFF	1.35uA	93us
	VLLS1	OFF	Similar to VLLS3 mode with SRAM OFF, REGFILE retained for critical data	OFF	700nA	152us
	VLLS0	OFF	Similar to VLLS1, with REGFILE OFF, LPO OFF, optional POR ON/OFF, shelf mode	OFF	76/252nA	152us



MMCAU Performance: SECURITY (crypto-acceleration)

Mbps Performance with 100 MHz Core







The Kinetis W series of MCUs is optimized for low-power wireless communication and integrates class-leading sub-1 GHz and 2.4 GHz RF transceivers, providing the right mix of performance, integration, connectivity and security.

CONNECTIVITY



Wireless Communications

Wireless Connectivity Microcontroller Solutions

RF Integration Integrating RF functionality to the Kinetis MCU portfolio

Flexibility Ability to integrate the right combination of memories and peripherals to meet a variety of customer demands

Enablement Part of the Kinetis MCU ecosystem including KSDK environment using MQX and third-party support from IAR, KEIL or other ARM ecosystem providers





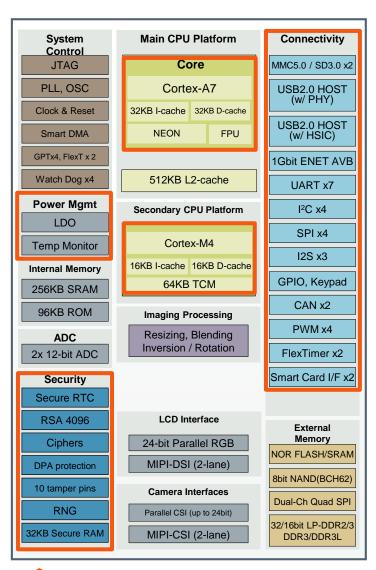
Energy-Saving Peripherals: SENSOR INTERFACE

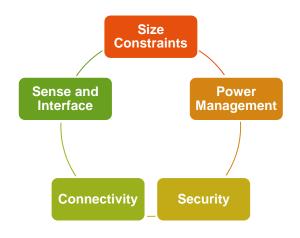
Intelligent peripherals maximizing time in deep sleep modes with no CPU intervention

Peripheral	Low Power Functionality					
DMA	Allows energy-saving peripherals (ADC, UART and Timer/PWM) to trigger asynchronous DMA request in STOP/VLPS modes to perform DMA transfer and return to current power mode with no CPU intervention					
UART	Supports asynchronous transmit and receive operations to the bus clock supporting communication down to STOP/VLPS modes. Configurable receiver baud rate oversampling ratio from 4x to 32x allowing higher baud rates with lower clock sources					
SPI	Supports slave mode address match wake-up function and first message capture down to STOP/VLPS modes					
I2C	Supports multiple address match wake-up function down to STOP/VLPS modes	Enhanced SPI, I2C and USB Low Power Features Coming Soon!				
USB	Supports asynchronous wakeup on resume signaling down to STOP/VLPS					
LPTPM (Timer/PWM)	Supports 16-bit timer input capture, output compare and PWM functions down to STOP/VLPS modes					
LPTMR (Timer/Pulse Counter)	Supports 16-bit timer and pulse counter functions in all power modes					
RTC	Supports 32-bit seconds counter with seconds interrupt and programmable alarm in all power include temperature and voltage compensation	er modes with				



i.MX 7Solo Applications Processor





Package: 19x19@0.75mm BGA

12x12@0.4mm BGA*





Pi is the Answer?

Great tool but...

- Not open source
- Subsidized
- Limited ability to productize







Wearable Reference Designs?



Raspberry Pi



Arduino



Beagle Bone



ToQ





WaRP



Ingenic Newton 2



Intel Curie





Udoo Neo



Intel Edison



SensoPlex SP-10C



RioT



Pico





Wearable Reference Designs- Key Features

First decision: Microcontroller or Application Processor?

Key Features

- 1. Wearable Form Factor
- 2. Battery Management
- 3. Ease of Use/Scalability
- 4. Open Source Community
- 5. BOM Cost and Availability



Faster time to final product





Wearable Reference Designs



















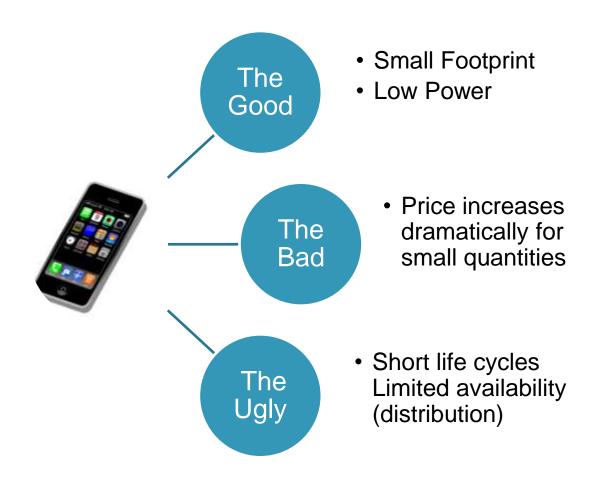
	Raspberry Pi 2	Arduino Uno	WaRP	Ingenic Newton 2	SensoPlex SP-10C	Intel Edison	Intel Curie	UDOO Neo	Pico
Wearable Form Factor	3.4" × 2.2 "	2.7" x 2.1"	1.4" x 0.6"	1.2" X 0.6"	1.4" x 1.0"	1.4" x 1.0"	0.7" diameter	2.2" x2.7"	2.1" x 2.8"
Battery Life									
Scalability	Arduino compatible	Shields	Daughter cards	External boards	Daughter boards	Arduino compatible		Arduino Compatible	Edison Compatible
Open Source									
BOM Cost / Availability									





Design with the Right Components

Components make up over 60% of your entire business costs







"No hardware plan survives contact with a factory."

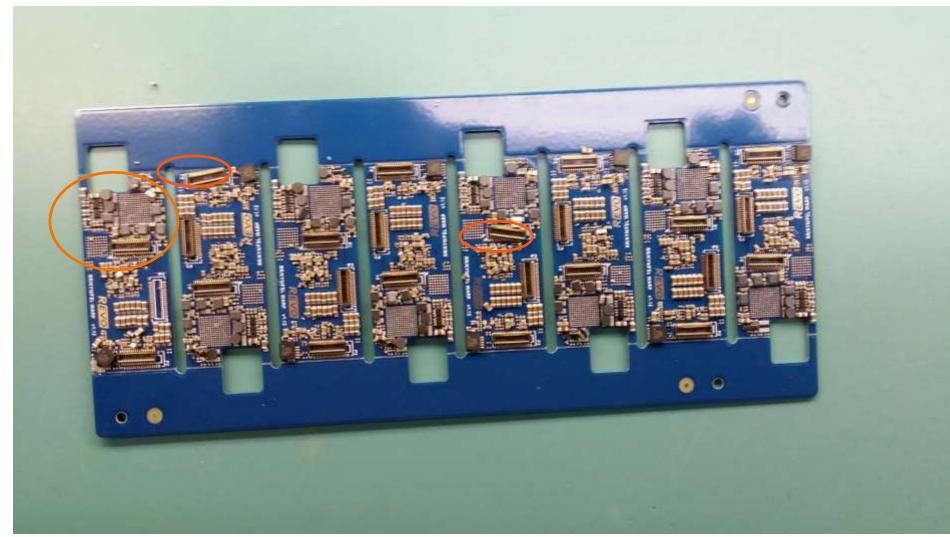
Cyril Ebersweiler, Founder of HAXLR8R





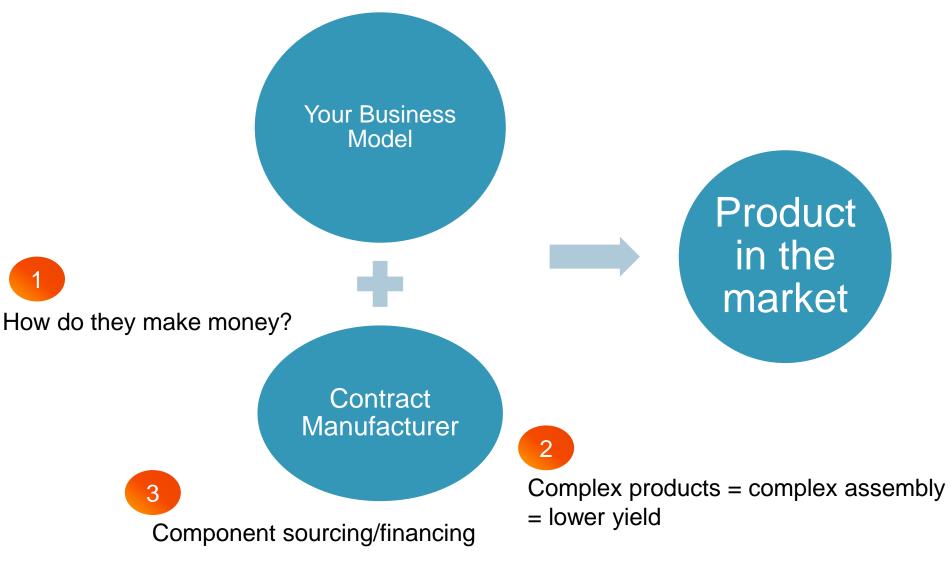


A Prototype is Ready.....When It Can be Manufactured





Your Factory is Your Most Important Partner







Enablement

- MPU: Freescale and Partner Reference Designs
- MCU: SDK and HW board ecosystem

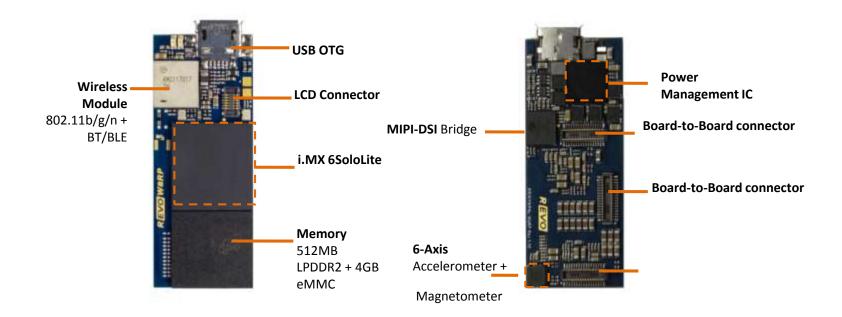






Wearable Form Factor...WaRPboard

Main Board PCB size: 38 mm x 16 mm (1.4" x 0.6")





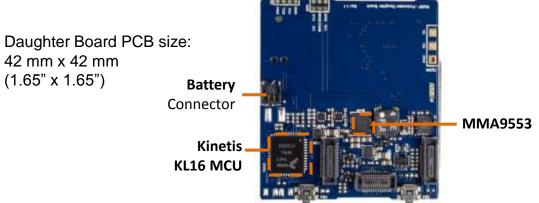


Battery Management / Scalability

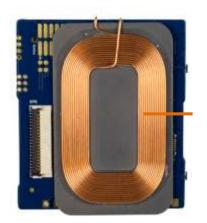




Top view



Bottom View



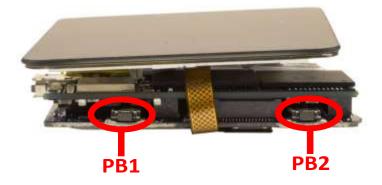
Qi Wireless charging coil



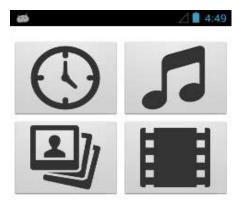
42 mm x 42 mm (1.65" x 1.65")



Usability















Open Source/ Community



WaRPboard.org is a nonprofit community based organization providing service and support for the wearables reference platform (WaRP). The solution's hardware and software will be open sourced and community driven. No closed development tools or licensing fees are required when used in conjunction with open source resources.

WaRPboard implements a hybrid architecture to address the evolving needs of the wearables market. The platform consists of a main board and an example daughtercard with the ability to add additional daughtercards for different usage models. In this hybrid architecture, the guts of the design is done on the main board with Freescale's i.MX 6SoloLite applications processor, and a secondary microcontroller, Freescale's Kinetis KL16 MCU, is implemented on the daughtercard, which is used as a sensor hub as well as a wireless charging MCU.

Technical Features



See the Technical Features page for additional board photos.





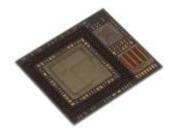
Wearables...One Size Does Not Fit All



UDOO - Neo







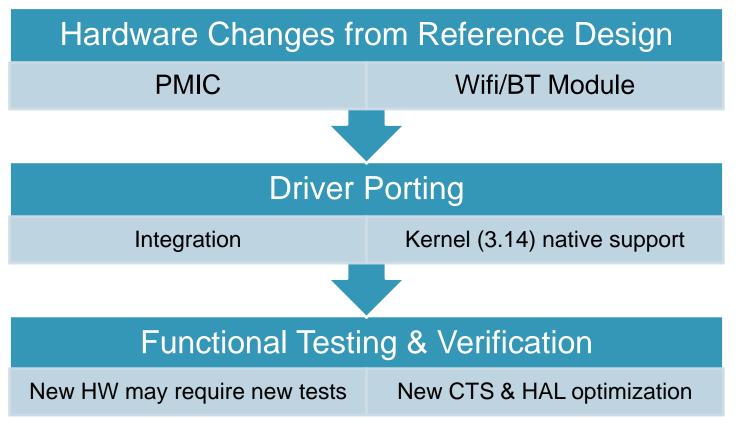
Single Chip Solution Module



Software: From Reference Design to Production

About half the way there...

 Android is a framework it takes a considerable effort (develop and test) to deliver a system!









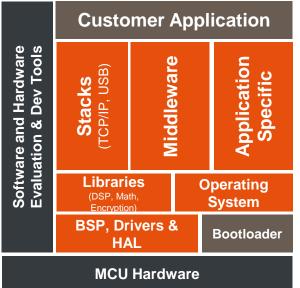
Kinetis Software Development Kit (SDK)



A complete software framework for developing applications across all Kinetis MCUs



HAL, peripheral drivers, libraries, middleware, utilities, and usage examples; delivered in C source







Product Features

- Open source Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL) provides APIs for all Kinetis hardware resources
- BSD-licensed set of peripheral drivers with easy-to-use C-language APIs
- Comprehensive HAL and driver usage examples and sample applications for RTOS and bare-metal.
- CMSIS-CORE compatible startup and drivers plus CMSIS-DSP library and examples
- RTOS Abstraction Layer (OSA) with support for Freescale MQX, FreeRTOS, Micrium uC/OS, bare-metal and more
- Integrates USB and TCP/IP stacks, touch sensing software, encryption and math/DSP libraries, and more
- Support for multiple toolchains including GNU GCC, IAR, Keil, and Kinetis Design Studio
- Integrated with Processor Expert





SDK Demonstrations & Examples

Chapter 1 Introduction
Chapter 2 ADC Hardware Trigger Demo
Chapter 3 ADC Low Power Demo
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□□□ Chapter 5 Bubble Level Demo
🗠 📳 Chapter 6 CyclicADC Hardware Trigger Demo
□□□ Chapter 7 DAC ADC Demo
□ Lhapter 8 DAC CADC Demo
Chapter 9 Quadrature Encoder Demo
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🕀 🦺 Chapter 12 Hello World Demo
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□□□ Chapter 24 RTC Function Demo
Chapter 25 SAI Demo
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Chapter 34 DAC Example Chapter 35 DMA Example Chapter 36 DSPI Example with other methods Chapter 37 EDMA Example Chapter 38 EWM Example E Chapter 41 FlexIO simulated I2C Example with other methods E Chapter 42 Flexio I2S Example with other methods E Chapter 43 FlexIO simulated SPI Example with other methods Chapter 44 FlexIO simulated UART Example with other methods Chapter 45 FTM Example Chapter 46 GPIO Example Chapter 47 I2C Example with other methods Chapter 48 Low Power Serial Communication Interface (LPSCI) Example with Other Methods E Chapter 50 Low Power Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (LPUART) Example with other methods Chapter 54 RNGA Example Chapter 56 SDHC SdCard Example Chapter 58 SPI Example with Other Methods Chapter 59 SPI SDCard Example Chapter 60 TPM Example Chapter 61 TSI Example



What is the SDK Power Manager?



- A high-level API that allows an application to easily manage and utilize its supported power modes
- Support for application
 - Provides the ability to execute application-defined callbacks before and/or after power mode transitions
- Works with MCU peripherals
 - Enables agreeable or forcible transition between power modes, allowing peripherals to hold-off transition requests or the application to force transition





How to Engage with Sensor Fusion

- freescale.com/sensorfusion
 - Contains the latest sensor fusion information
 - Downloadable SW and demos
 - Blogs and app notes
- Sensor fusion development kits
 - Available November 2014
 - Combination of FRDM-MULTI-B and FRDM-K64F boards
 - Part numbers
 - FRDM-SFUSION-S with 50 hours of commercial support
 - FRDM-SFUSION with community support
- Factory contact
 - SFSW@Freescale.com
 - Email alias includes sensor and MCU teams







ISF 2.1 for Kinetis MCUs

ISF 2.1 for Kinetis MCUs allows you to write an embedded sensor application in less than 30 minutes without writing a single line of code using Processor Expert technology.



Differentiating Points

- Sensor application code auto-generation using Processor Expert technology
- **4**⊕ ►
- · Deployable across entire line of Kinetis MCUs
- Sensor Fusion library has been integrated as an "Orientation" sensor
- -

Register Level Interface allows low-level access to sensor registers



Product Features

 Projects available for FRDM-KL25Z, FRDM-K22F and FRDM-K64F



 Supports a broad set of Freescale sensors including MMA8652/8653, MAG3110, FXOS8700, FXAS21002, FXLS8471, MPL3115 and others



 Example projects available for both CodeWarrior 10.6 and Kinetis Design Studio 2.0 Integrated Development Environments

Applications

- Sensor Data Analytics
- Internet of Things
- Consumer Electronics
- Wearable Electronics
- Medical Devices







Sensor Fusion Development Kit

Development Kit

- Enables quick development and prototype of sensor fusion applications
- Includes
 - Kinetis FRDM-K64F Freedom board
 - Freedom Development Platform for Freescale Sensors with Bluetooth®
- Part numbers
 - FRDM-SFUSION with community support (\$170)
 - FRDM-SFUSION-S with 50 hours commercial support (\$10K)



Commercial Support

- Reduces project risk, accelerates time to market
- Prioritized and dedicated access
- Guaranteed response time
- Senior level developer access
- Private portal with customer reporting and dedicated escalation path
- Annual Subscription





Future Predications....

In 2017, a third of all wearables will come from...

- Companies that don't exist today











www.Freescale.com